

# PolliOne: CUSTOMER ANALYSIS, STATUS QUO AND BUSINESS MODEL

Building Companies on Science

Master in Management Field Lab

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By conducting a customer analysis, precise characteristics of target customers were determined. Four major pain points have been identified. These highlight the current challenges farmers are facing during their pollination processes. By speaking to vital stakeholders, the need for innovation has been underlined.



A deep analysis of the pollination Status Quo has shown alternative pollination methods to be costly and time consuming as well as harmful to the environment they are operating in. These incentivizes PolliOnes' advantages. Through this, our positioning will help convince our target customers.



Our financing will rely on three 1) short, 2) medium and 3) long-term goals. These are offering a subscription-based contract to 1) open land farmers, 2) to greenhouse farmers and 3) licensing our AI technology. The sales process follows different stages which will ensure a stable, intimate customer relationship.




Convincing our potential customers with the help of our underlying scientific proof including testing phases, we will create a long-term relationship with each of them.

## KEY WORDS

Entrepreneurship; Agriculture; Customer Analysis; Business Model; Subscription Based; UAVs; Pollination; Fruits

## NOTE

This work used infrastructure and resources funded by Fundação para a Ciência e a Tecnologia (UID/ECO/00124/2013, UID/ECO/00124/2019 and Social Sciences DataLab, Project 22209), POR Lisboa (LISBOA-01-0145-FEDER-007722 and Social Sciences DataLab, Project 22209) and POR Norte (Social Sciences DataLab, Project 22209).



CUSTOMER  
ANALYSIS



# THIS IS JOÃO

- Greenhouse farmer
- 33 years old
- Portuguese
- One child
- Wife Camila
- Medium-sized, family-owned greenhouse farm



# LUCIA

- Apple farmer
- 40 years old
- Spanish
- No kids
- Husband Juan
- Farmer and member of Iberica Fruit Cooperation SL



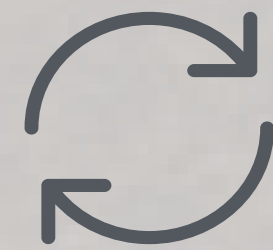
C u s t o m e r   A n a l y s i s

# AND THIS IS ANTONIO

- Pear farmer
- 37 years old
- Italian
- Three children
- Wife Giulia
- Consortia member since 2015

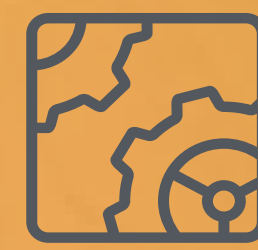
What do all of them have in common?

# THREE CORE VALUES



## TRADITION

Farmers have mostly been working in family-owned businesses, based on very old routines, mostly inherited by former family members<sup>1</sup>.



## EFFICIENCY

Their efficiency is their only insurance to success. By providing perfect conditions and working very carefully, farmers only then receive a sufficient harvest<sup>2</sup>.



## COMMITMENT

Another important value of farmers is their commitment. Only by investing a large amount of time, regardless of weather conditions, their income is assured<sup>3</sup>.

LET'S STICK WITH ANTONIO...

# HIS CUSTOMER PROFILE

## 1. HIS JOBS

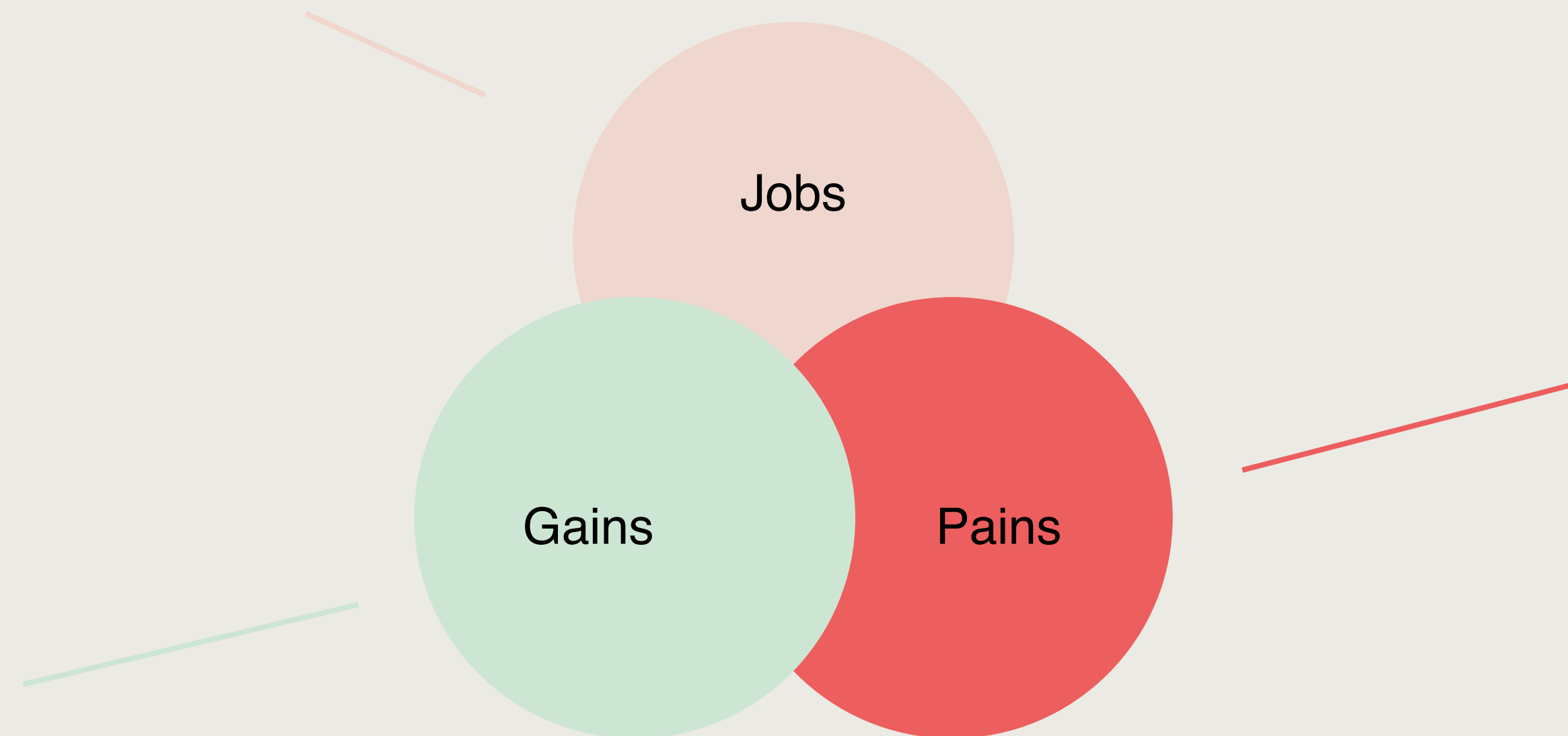
- Pollinating orchards
- Buying pollen, beehives and machinery
- Employ workforce
- Harvest and sell fruits

## 2. HIS PAINS

- Hard physical work
- Weather conditions
- High labor costs
- High machinery costs
- High overall expenses
- Reliance on external factors
- Dissatisfying outcome of yield

## 3. HIS GAINS

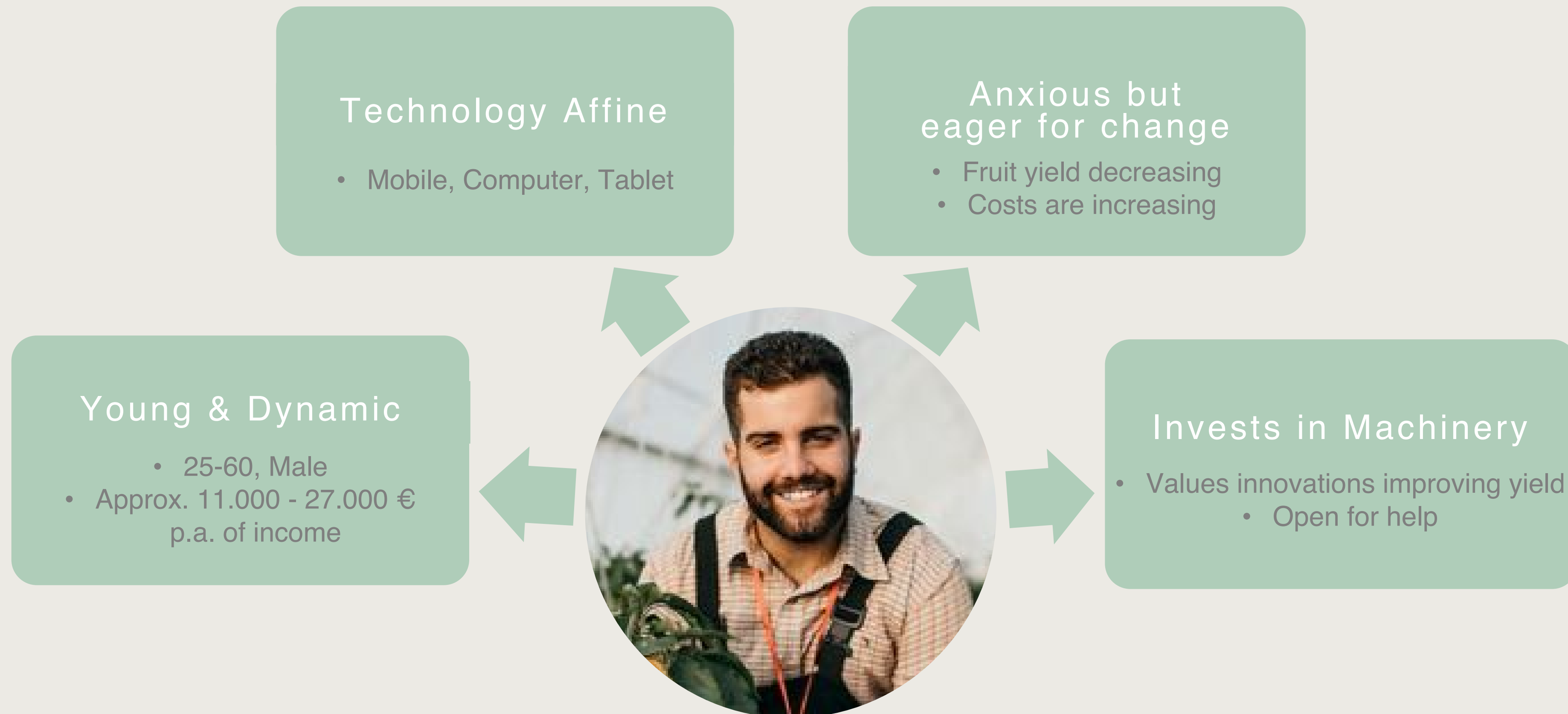
- Amount of fruit being sold
- High fruit yield
- Aspirations; good weather conditions, functioning machinery
- Efficient pollination rate by bees or artificial process



# ... WHAT MAKES HIM SLEEPLESS AT NIGHT?



# AND HOW CAN WE CHANGE THIS?





# WE SPOKE TO THE MARKET

“

“Costs are increasing due to the insufficient use of pollen grains. Furthermore, the costs for pollen grains are steadily increasing based on rising demand.”



**PollenPro**

Jennifer Beddard<sup>1</sup>

“

“Farmers invest into the automation of production as much as they can. They are eager to automize everything.”



**Sovena Group**

João Basto<sup>2</sup>

“

“The main difficulties of our farmers, regarding pollination, is the lack of pollinating insects. [...] the process can be very expensive [...]”



**FRUTALVOR**

Ricardo Daniel Mendes<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>(Beddard 2021)  
<sup>2</sup>(Basto 2021)  
<sup>3</sup>(R. D. Mendes 2021)



S T A T U S Q U O



# WHICH METHODS DOES ANTONIO USE?

## FOR OPEN FIELD



approx. 439 €/hectare<sup>1</sup>

### Traditional Pollination

- +** • Use of traditional resources
- Environmentally friendly
- • High costs
- Weather dependent
- Threat to wild bees<sup>2</sup>



approx. 4 €/hectare<sup>3</sup>

### Plant Growth Regulators

- +** • Increase in fruit sets
- Consistent fruit production
- • Environmental hazard
- High labor costs
- Leaves traces on soil and ground
- Health concerns for consumers<sup>4</sup>



approx. 4.000 €/hectare<sup>5</sup>  
+ (173.000 €/tractor)<sup>5</sup>

### Machine Pollination

- +** • Low labor costs
- Consistent fruit production
- • Heavy machinery damages soil
- High initial investment
- Time extensive
- Lack of efficiency<sup>6</sup>

(Breeze, Dean and Potts 2017), (Wikipedia 2020)<sup>1</sup>  
(Beddard 2021)<sup>2</sup>  
(Overbeek 1952)<sup>3</sup>

Source Image 1: (Burden 2017), Source Image 2: (Henry & Co. 2018), Source Image 3: (Pugh 2017)

<sup>4</sup>(Rademacher, 2015)  
<sup>5</sup>(Locknear n.d.), (Beddard 2021)  
<sup>6</sup>(Beddard 2021)

Status Quo

# AND WHAT DOES JOÃO DO?

## FOR GREENHOUSES



approx. 439 €/hectare<sup>1</sup>

**Traditional Pollination**



approx. 4 €/hectare<sup>2</sup>

**Plant Growth Regulators**



approx. 4 € per 1000 flowers<sup>3</sup>

**Hand Pollination**

Difference to open field pollination

- + • High pollination success rate<sup>4</sup>
- Consistent fruit production
- • Extremely high labor costs<sup>5</sup>
- High material costs<sup>6</sup>
- Over-pollination<sup>7</sup>
- Labor accidents<sup>8</sup>
- Extremely time extensive<sup>9</sup>

(Breeze, Dean and Potts 2017), (Wikipedia 2020)<sup>1</sup>  
 (Overbeek 1952)<sup>2</sup>  
 (Zhang, et al. 2021)<sup>3</sup>  
 (Wurz, Grass and Tschardtke 2021)<sup>4, 5, 6, 7, 8</sup>  
 (Yang and Miyako 2020)<sup>9</sup>  
 Source Image 3: (Grobleckner 2020)  
 \*For further Information please view Appendix Slide "Cost of Hand Pollination in the US".

**“... we are always open to new tools that can enhance the quality and performance of our products.”**

Carla Rasteiro

Technical Advisor at COOPVAL



# WHY PEOPLE WANT TO WORK WITH US

(Griffiths 2019)

## TIME EFFICIENCY

Nondependent on external factors

## MODERATE LABOUR

One pollination expert required

## PRECISE POLLINATION

Pollination success is at over 90%<sup>1</sup>

## AGILITY

Drone moves in any kind of territory

## ADAPTABILITY

Service adaptable to the farmers personal needs

## ALL-IN-ONE

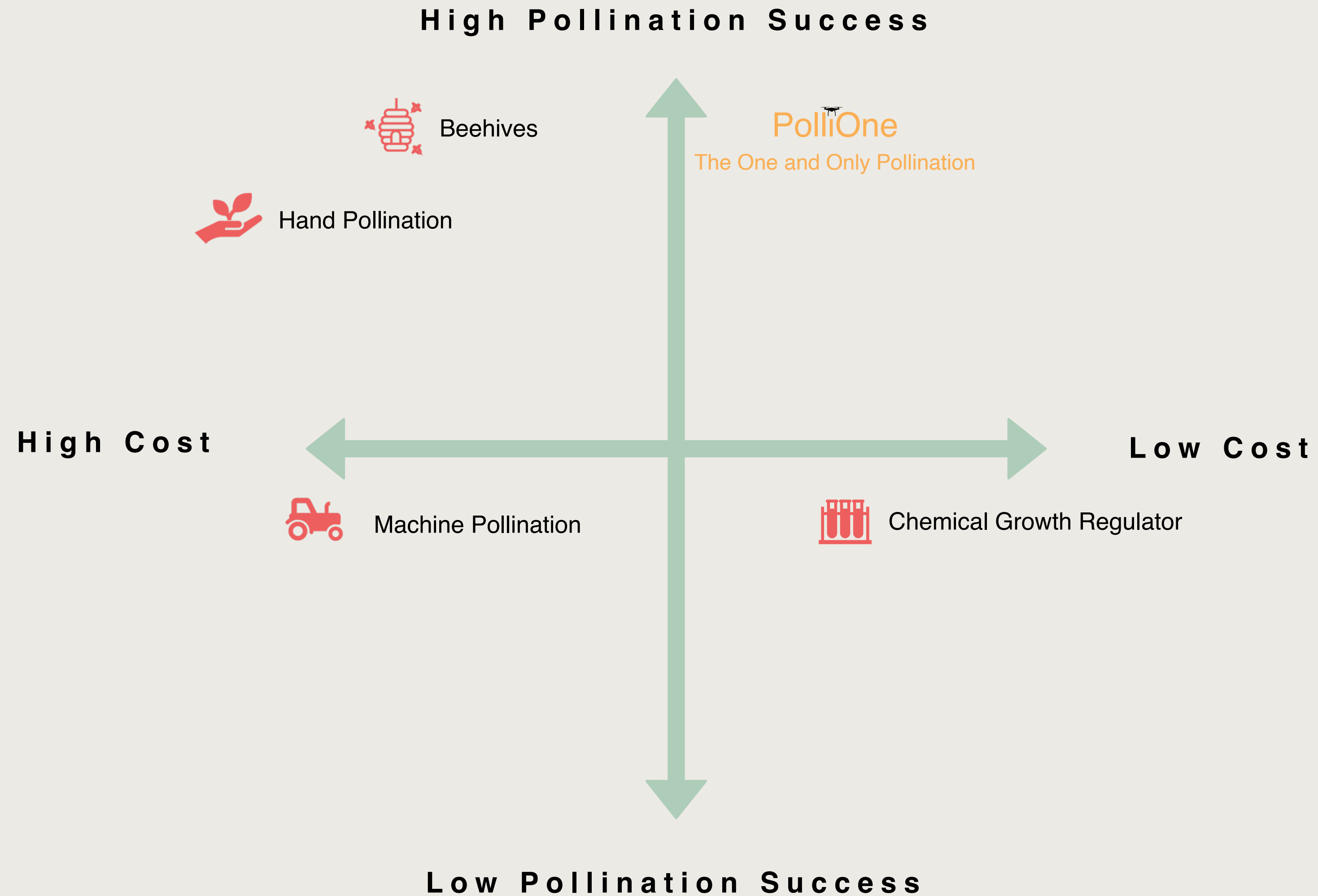
Pollination service on-site and customer support afterwards



<sup>1</sup>(Yang and Miyako 2020)  
Source Image: (Dress 2019)

P o l l i O n e

# WHERE WE POSITION OURSELVES



# OUR TARGET CUSTOMERS

medium to large seized customers

## PORTUGAL



- Frutalvor - Central Fruteira C.R.L.
- Cooperativa Agrícola dos Fruticultores do Cadaval (Coopval)



## SPAIN



- Hawo Fruits Spain S.L.
- Anecoop S. Coop.



## ITALY



- Consorzio Melinda
- Bergonzoni S.r.l.



### Revenue in Million

8 EUR<sup>1</sup>

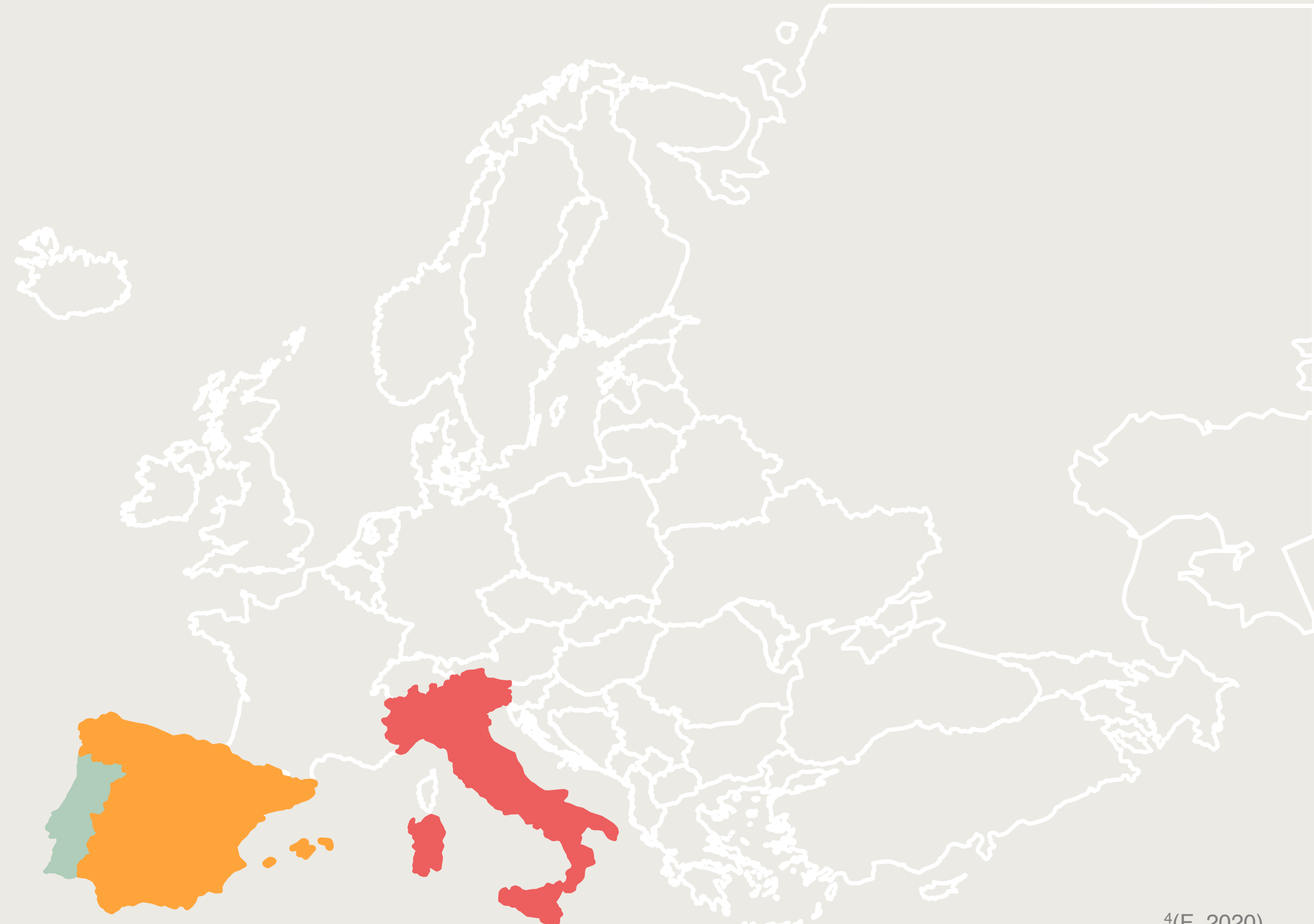
n/a

30 EUR<sup>2</sup>

770 EUR<sup>3</sup>

100 EUR<sup>4</sup>

8.4 EUR<sup>5</sup>



(Pedroso 2019)<sup>1</sup>  
 (INFORMA D&B S.A.U. (S.M.E.) n.d.)<sup>2</sup>  
 (FreshPlaza.it 2021)<sup>3</sup>

<sup>4</sup>(F. 2020)  
<sup>5</sup>(Reportaziende n.d.)



B U S I N E S S  
M O D E L



# OUR BUSINESS MODEL



SUBSCRIPTION-BASED  
MODEL **OPEN FIELD FARMERS**



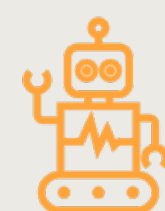
Short Term



SUBSCRIPTION-BASED  
MODEL **GREENHOUSE FARMERS**



Medium Term



LICENSING AI-TECHNOLOGY



Long Term



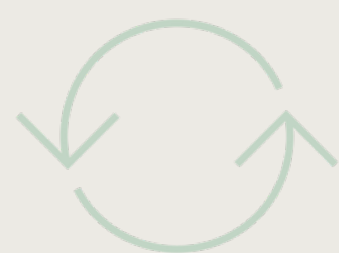
# HOW DOES THE SUBSCRIPTION WORK?

FOR OPEN FIELD FARMERS

1

Dependent on the pollination season of the fruit

- **Seasonal** pollination process, every year



2

Apple Season

\*Early to late May<sup>1</sup>

Pear Season

\*Late April to mid May<sup>2</sup>

- Between **1-2 months** a year

**= price per season: 800€ p/hectare**



P o l l i O n e

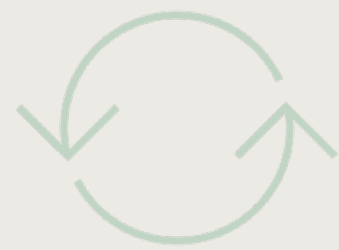
# IN THE FUTURE

FOR GREENHOUSES

1

## All-year pollination service

- **Constant** pollination process throughout the year



2

## Fruits & vegetables pollinated repeatedly

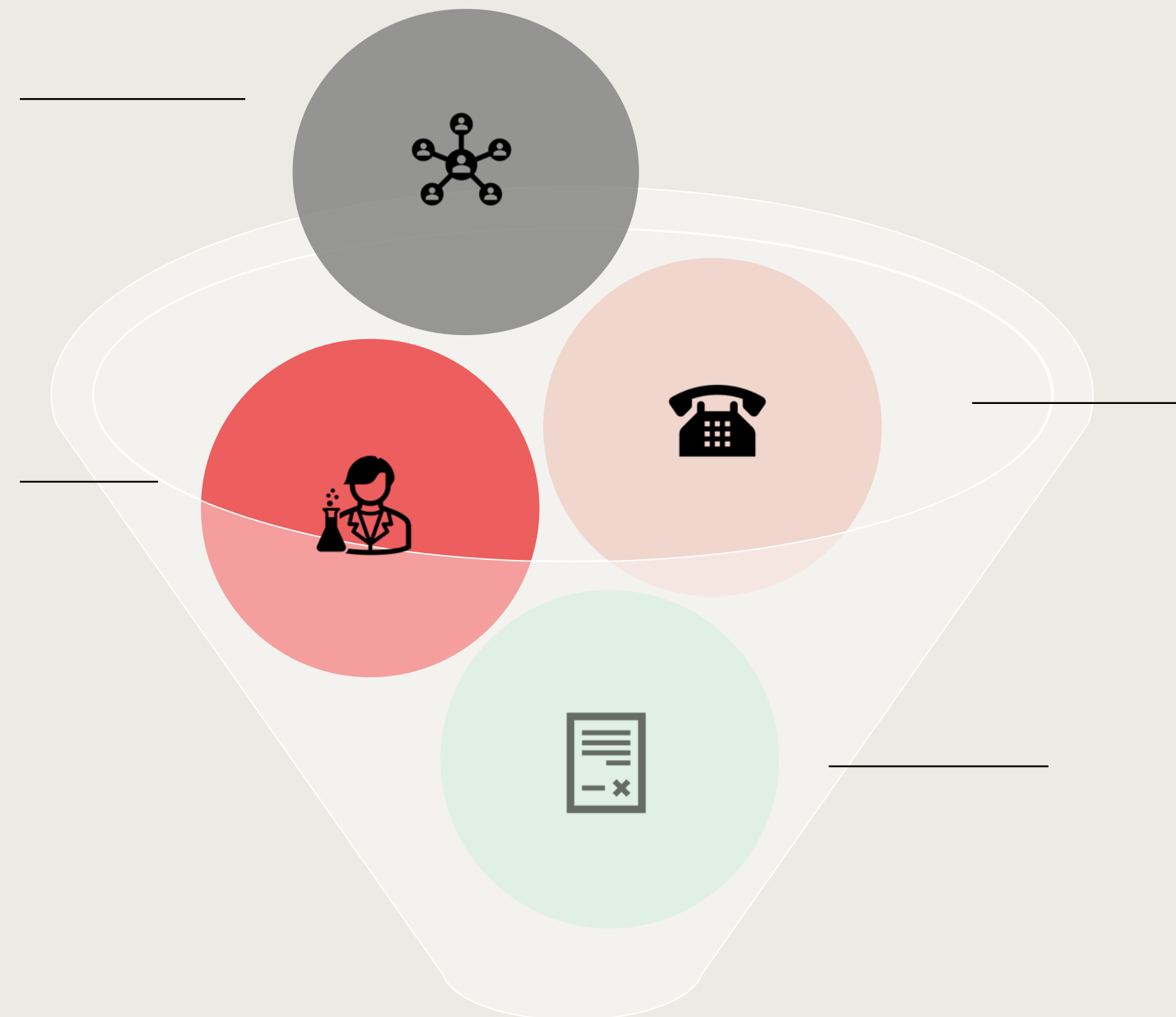
- Subscription model is **paid monthly**



# OUR SALES PROCESS

**What?** Establish an intimate customer network.  
**How?** Visit agricultural trade fairs to present our solution and tackle their challenges.

**What?** Convince customers of pollination reliability.  
**How?** Through on-site testing.



**What?** Contact farmers via phone or on-site visits and start sales process.  
**How?** Through our established network.

**What?** Close the deal by converting potential customers into real ones.  
**How?** Convince them of our advantages by presenting scientific results\*.

**What?** Ensure customers can utilize our PolliOne technology.

**How?** Through customer service hotline and our on-field experts.

\*Please view Appendix Slide "The Science behind our solution".



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# A P P E N D I X



# CUSTOMER BASE ANALYSIS

To recapture:



## DEMOGRAPHIC

- 25-60, Male
- Income between 11.000 - 27.000 EUR p.a.<sup>1, 2</sup>



## TECHNOGRAPHIC

- Mobile
- Computer
- Tablet



## VALUE-BASED

- Not given as no Data available yet.



## GEOGRAPHIC

- Portugal
- Spain
- Italy



## NEEDS-BASED

- Crop yield is decreasing
- Costs are increasing



## INDUSTRY

- Agricultural



## PSYCHOGRAPHIC

- Values respectability
- Part of stable community
- Good relationship to family members
- Traditional
- Religious
- Nature lover
- Interest in innovations
- Wants to sustain his job



## BEHAVIORAL

- Valuable contributions to community
- Enjoying natural surroundings
- Being his own boss
- Providing future opportunities for his children
- Likes to catch a beer with other farmers in local pub



## BUSINESS SIZE

- Medium to large-sized farms
- 40-150 employees

<sup>1</sup>(European Commission 2019)

<sup>2</sup>(European Commission 2019)

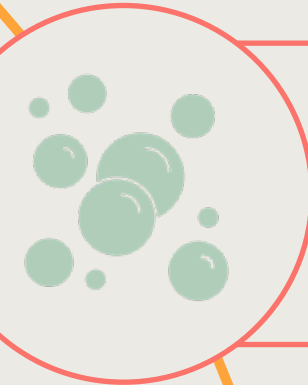
# COST OF HAND POLLINATION IN US \$

**Table 3.** Comparison of pollination service values (to the Western Cape deciduous fruit industry; US\$ millions for 2005) estimated using the replacement method with those derived from traditional methods using traditional or revised factors.

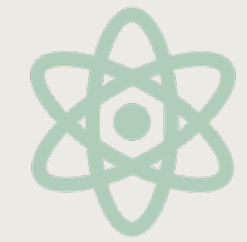
Valuation method	All insect pollinators	Managed pollinators	Wild pollinators	Ratio of wild to managed value
<i>Traditional</i>				
Total production value approach	501.0	378.3	122.7	0.32
Proportional (dependence) production value approach	358.5	312.2	46.3	0.15
<i>Revised service value estimates based on experimental evidence</i>				
Proportional (dependence) production value approach	338.3	119.8	218.5	1.82
Production value derived from pollination services	333.9	118.0	215.9	1.83
<i>Cost of pollination (hive rental)</i>				
Current direct cost	-	1.8	-	-
Estimated direct cost assuming managed honeybee substitution	4.3	1.8	2.6	1.44
<i>Pollination service replacement value (income lost)</i>				
Pollen-dusting	292.9	107.8	185.2	1.72
Hand pollination (method 1)	161.2	44.9	116.3	2.59
Hand pollination (method 2)	433.8	122.8	310.9	2.53
Hand pollination (method 3)	77.0	28.0	49.1	1.75

1.3 Graph - Retrieved from (Allsopp, de Lange and Veldtman 2008)

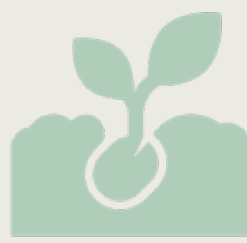
# THE SCIENCE BEHIND OUR SOLUTION



Soap Bubbles are mechanically stabilized and withstand compression<sup>1</sup>.



Pear pollen grains demonstrate strong activity<sup>2</sup>.



Growth of fibrous pollen tubes, indicating successful pollen fertilization<sup>3</sup>.



Maximum success rate of 90% for the flowers of *L. japonicum*<sup>4</sup>.



FULL  
PRESENTATION





# PolliOne

The One and Only Pollination

**Building Companies on Science**

**Masters in Management Field Lab**

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**Prof. Nuno Arantes Oliveira**

**December 2021**

# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



Bees are facing **increasing challenges** such as habitat loss, pesticides, droughts and climate change. This also has major economic impacts, as a large amount of the EU's annual agricultural output is directly attributed to insect pollination.



The **pollination industry** shows alternative pollination methods being costly and time consuming. They may harm the soil and environment they are operating in. Thus, they do not represent ideal pollination solutions.



PolliOne focuses on **three innovative pillars**, revolutionizing the pollination process **for open field farmers**. With the help of our drones, pollen dispersion by soap bubbles and a subscription-based business model.



Together with our **suppliers** we ensure an optimal output of our innovative pollination process by providing the highest quality of drones, pollen grains, the camera and the 3D printed dispersion machine.



By continuous investments in our **R&D** strategy, we improve the success of our dispersion machine and our AI Technology. Furthermore, direct feedback from customers will always be integrated.



Through our **horizontal growth strategy**, we ensure further expansion opportunities by capturing new potential markets. This includes expanding to other types of fruits, growing in other markets in Europe.



In order to be profitable, we need to be funded in the first years of operation. Then, our financial model is predicted to **be profitable** by the year 2026. By then we want the company to fully operate.

## KEY WORDS

UAV;  
Agriculture;  
Pollination;  
AI Technology;  
Subscription Based Business Model

## IMPORTANT

This work used infrastructure and resources funded by Fundação para a Ciência e a Tecnologia (UID/ECO/00124/2013, UID/ECO/00124/2019 and Social Sciences DataLab, Project 22209), POR Lisboa (LISBOA-01-0145-FEDER-007722 and Social Sciences DataLab, Project 22209) and POR Norte (Social Sciences DataLab, Project 22209).

1 THE CHALLENGE

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2 WHO WE ARE

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3 MARKET & COMPETITORS

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4 CUSTOMERS & STATUS QUO

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5 VALUE PROPOSITION

---

6 BUSINESS MODEL

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7 OPERATIONAL MODEL

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8 RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

---

9 THE TEAM

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10 GO-TO-MARKET STRATEGY

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11 FINANCIALS & VALUATION

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12 REGULATIONS & ROADMAP

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13 BIBLIOGRAPHY & APPENDIX

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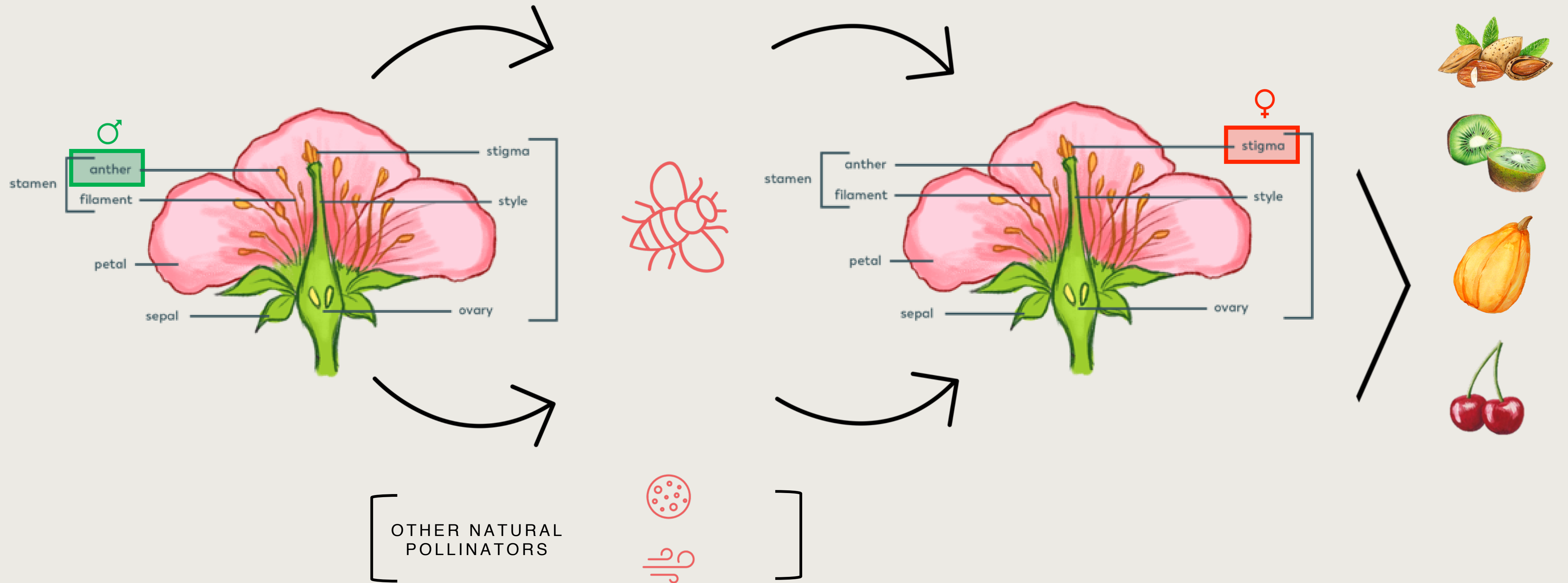
THE  
CHALLENGE



DO YOU KNOW THIS  
LITTLE CREATURE?



# BEEES, THE GREATEST POLLINATORS



# BEEES ARE IN TROUBLE

**25% LESS**

Colonies-per-hectare<sup>1</sup>

**HIGHER**

Winter die-off rates  
commonly around 10%  
currently around 35%<sup>2</sup>

**ONE out of TEN**

Bee & butterfly species threatened with **extinction** in Europe<sup>5</sup>

**1/3<sup>rd</sup>** bee and butterfly  
populations are declining<sup>3</sup>



## LIST OF HAZARDS<sup>6</sup>

Pesticides  
Nutrition deficit

Drought  
Air pollution

Habitat destruction  
Climate change

# ECONOMIC IMPACT

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**4 out of 5**

Crops and wild flowers in the EU depend, at least to some extent, on insect pollination<sup>1</sup>

**About 15€ Billion**

of the EU's annual agricultural output is directly attributed to insect pollination<sup>2</sup>

**>160\$ Billion**

potential annual net loss in economic welfare to crop consumers and producers across the world<sup>3</sup>

**WILD AND DOMESTICATED POLLINATORS ARE VITAL FOR...**



**Food Security**



**Biodiversity**



**Agriculture Yields<sup>4</sup>**

# WHY DO CURRENT SOLUTIONS FAIL?

## POLLINATION

## PLAYERS

## CHALLENGES



H A N D



INEFFICIENT



TIME CONSUMING<sup>1</sup>



M A C H I N E



LIMITED



COSTLY



INEFFICIENT<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1, 2</sup>(Yang and Miyako 2020)

HAVE YOU MET THE  
BEE OF THE 21<sup>ST</sup>  
CENTURY?





WHERE  
DO WE  
COME IN?



We are...



Poll*One*

The One and Only Pollination

# PolliOne

The One and Only Pollination

PolliOne is a smart farming start-up based in Lisbon, Portugal  
We are providing an **all-around service** for pollination

By this we not only secure a substantial harvest but also a sustainable solution



# THREE PILLARS OF INNOVATION



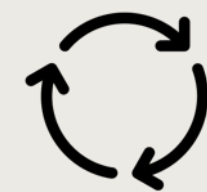
## DRONES

Autonomous land mapping through AI technology



## NEW POLLINATION METHOD

Unique technique of bubble liquid & pollen grains



## BUSINESS MODEL

Clients complete a **subscription-based** contract





M A R K E T



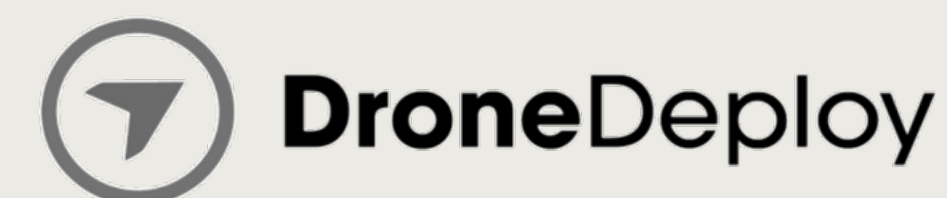
# THE POLLINATION MARKET

---

**BIGGEST PLAYERS** are focusing on multiple businesses<sup>1</sup>

## AGRICULTURAL DRONES IN THE US

which might sooner or later invest in pollination<sup>2</sup>



# OUR NICHE MARKET

## REGENERATIVE AGRICULTURAL PRACTICES GAIN STEAM

- Land management practices improve soil health, fertility, water retention, and plant management<sup>1</sup>



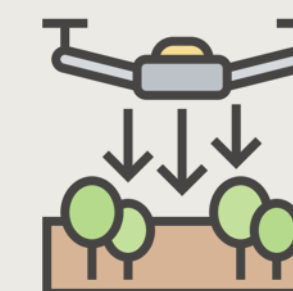
## LABOR SHORTAGE AND PRODUCTION CYCLES

- Highlights the need for automation
- Smart farming innovations reduce need for human labor<sup>2</sup>



## FRUIT CYCLICITY PUTS POLLINATION AT RISK

- The growth in cultivation of high-value, pollination-dependent crops is outpacing growth in the global stock of managed honeybees<sup>3</sup>



# THE MARKET POTENTIAL

The global pollination market was valued **\$1.51 BILLION** in 2019<sup>1</sup>

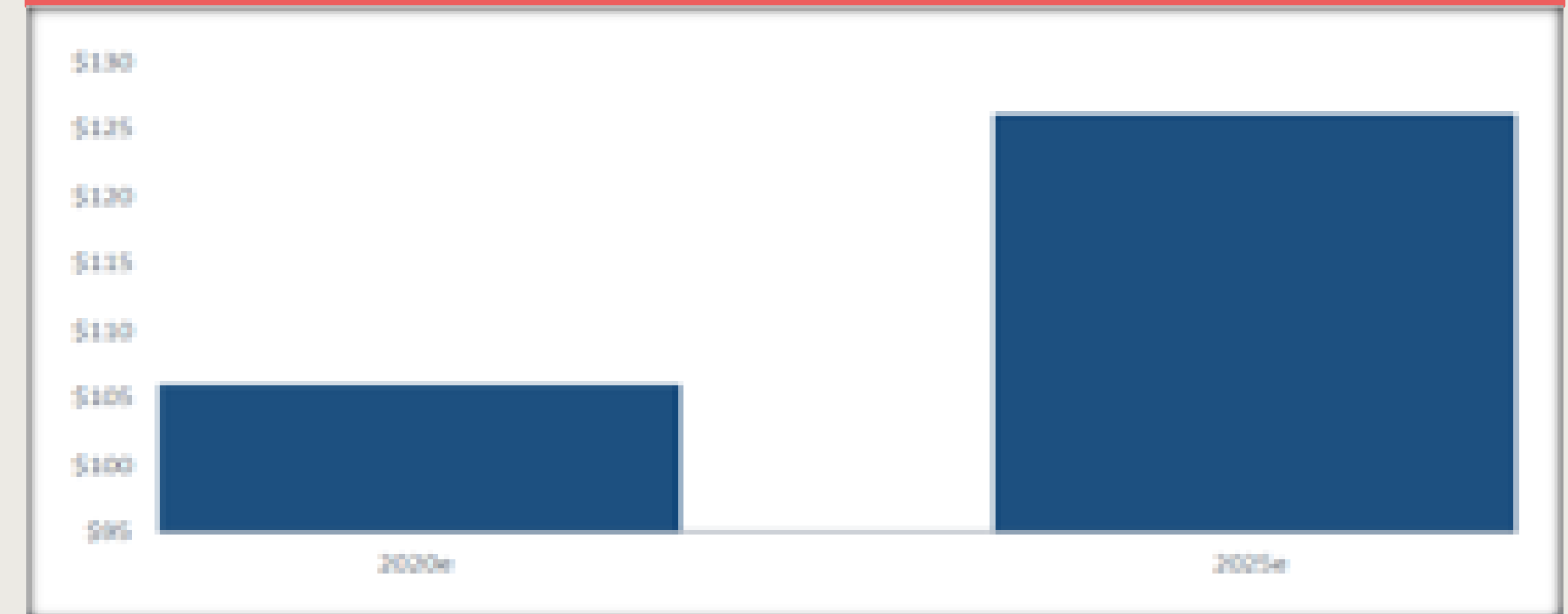
- Every season, pollination from honeybees, native bees, and flies deliver billions of dollars (U.S.) in economic value<sup>2</sup>
  - Between **\$235** and **\$577 billion** (U.S.) worth of annual global food production relies on their contribution<sup>3</sup>

ADVANCED FARM EQUIPMENT VC DEAL ACTIVITY – Q3 2020



- Agtech venture capital funding has climbed by 32.7% since 2010, to \$4.1 billion in 2019
- In the first three quarters of 2020, deal values totaled \$4.2 billion across 332 deals, 7.8% above the \$3.9 billion raised in the entirety of 2019

FARM MACHINERY MARKET SIZE (\$B)

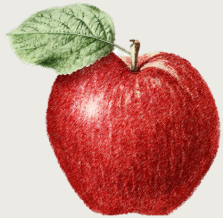



- Based on global revenues of agricultural equipment manufacturers, the total farm equipment market is **\$106 billion** in 2020<sup>4</sup>
- Expand at a CAGR of **3.5%** to reach **\$126.1 billion** by 2025<sup>5</sup>

(Knowledge Sourcing Intelligence LLP 2021)<sup>1</sup>  
 (Bayer AG 2019)<sup>2, 3</sup>  
 (PitchBook Data, Inc. 2021)<sup>4, 5</sup>  
 Source Graphs: (PitchBook Data, Inc. 2021)  
 \*as of September 2020

# THE APPLE AND PEAR MARKET

The following characteristics reveal an **ideal pollination fit** for apple and pear fruits

FRUIT	POLLINATION TYPE	POLLINATION RESPONSIVENESS (as % of yield) <sup>5</sup>	POSITIONING	EU PRODUCTION in 2020 (in 1000 tons)
 Apple (Malus domestica) <sup>1</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No self-fertilization</li> <li>Not wind-pollinated</li> <li>Relies heavily on bees<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open flower</li> <li>Stigma easily reachable</li> <li>Flower facing outward</li> <li>Flowers less blocked by leaves or branches<sup>6</sup></li> </ul>	11 330 <sup>8</sup>
 Pear (Pyrus communis) <sup>2</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No self-fertilization</li> <li>Not wind-pollinated</li> <li>Relies heavily on bees<sup>4</sup></li> </ul>	50-100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open flower</li> <li>Stigma easily reachable</li> <li>Flower facing outward</li> <li>Flowers less blocked by leaves or branches<sup>7</sup></li> </ul>	2 328 <sup>9</sup>

<sup>3, 6</sup>(Sheffield, Ngo and Azzu 2016)

<sup>4, 7</sup>(Sharifani 1997)

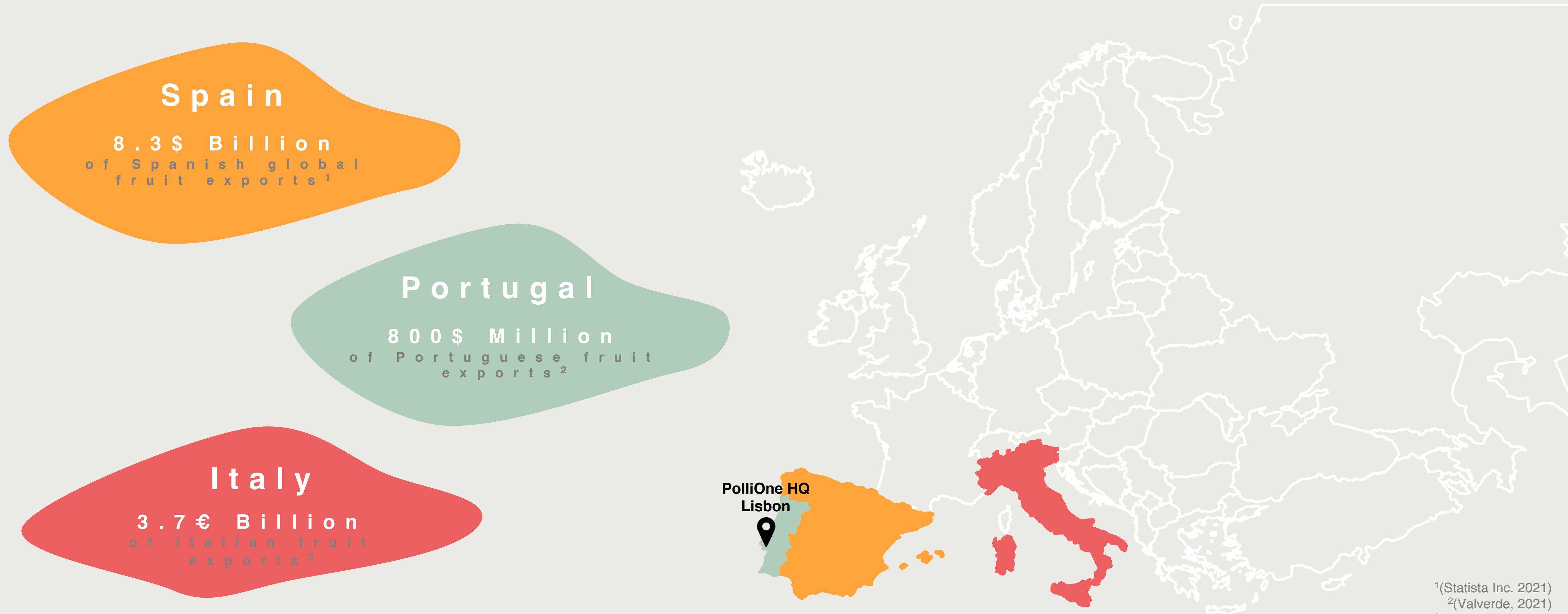
<sup>5</sup>(Keogh, Robinson, & Mullins, 2010)

<sup>8</sup>(European Commission 2021)

<sup>9</sup>(European Commission 2021)

# MAIN TARGET MARKETS

Main target markets for Apple and Pears located in Europe



<sup>1</sup>(Statista Inc. 2021)  
<sup>2</sup>(Valverde, 2021)  
<sup>3</sup>(Statista Inc. 2021)

# MAIN TARGET MARKETS

Main target markets for Apple and Pears located in Europe

## Spain

8.3\$ Billion  
of Spanish global  
fruit exports<sup>1</sup>

- Main fruit & vegetables producer of the EU & the 5<sup>th</sup> worldwide
- In 2017 production amounted to EUR 14 500 million
- 50% coming from crop production
- Sector is **continuously increasing** its economic value<sup>2</sup>

## Portugal

800\$ Million  
of Portuguese fruit  
exports<sup>3</sup>

- Portuguese fruit exports **increased 162 percent** according to Trade Data Monitor (TDM)
- Portugal's goal is to **increase** its fruit production and exports
- Rocha pears – one of the best variety worldwide<sup>4</sup>

## Italy

3.7€ Billion  
of Italian fruit  
exports<sup>5</sup>

- Italy is the **fifth** country in the world for pear production (429,290 tons)
- **Sixth** for apple production (2,303,690 tons)
- Big consortia we can partner with<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup>(Statista Inc. 2021)

<sup>2</sup>(Organisation for economic co-operation and development 2018)

<sup>3, 4</sup>(Valverde, 2021)

<sup>5, 6</sup>(Miserius & Dr. Behr, 2021)



# COMPETITORS

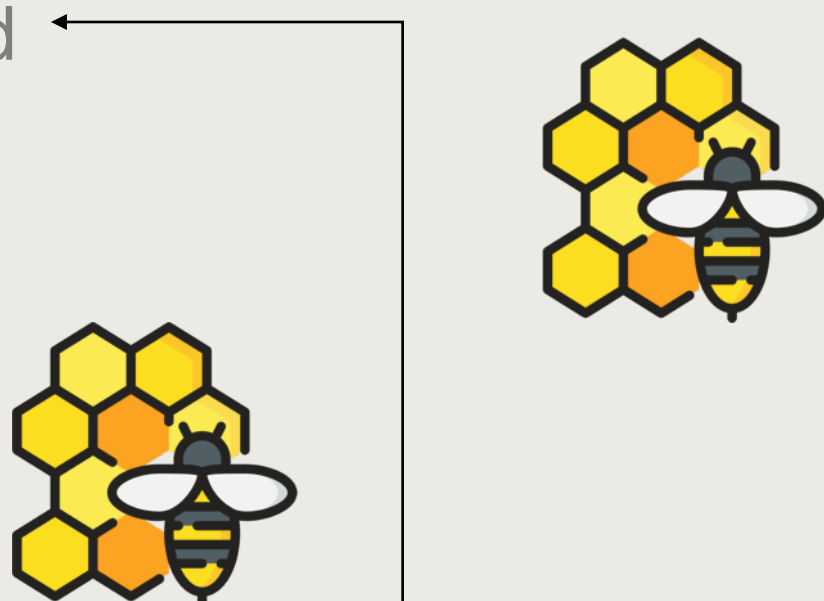


# CURRENT COMPETITOR OFFERS

Farmers are buying bee colonies for pollination, relying on generical farm suppliers

## Bee Pollination: expensive & not sustainable<sup>1</sup>

Boxes with bees are provided and placed on fields



After pollination season, bees die

## Pollination agreement<sup>2</sup>: complex & expensive

Needed to receive strong colonies

The grower agrees to provide a suitable place to locate the hives and not to apply pesticides

**SAMPLE POLLINATION CONTRACT**

This contract is made, \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_ between \_\_\_\_\_, the  
(date) (beekeeper name)  
 beekeeper and \_\_\_\_\_, the grower for the 20\_\_ growing year.  
(grower name)

**1. BEEKEEPER'S RESPONSIBILITIES**

a. The beekeeper shall supply the grower with \_\_\_\_\_ colonies of bees to be delivered to the \_\_\_\_\_ as specified below:  
(crop: apple orchard, squash field, etc.)

Projected date of delivery: \_\_\_\_\_. Beekeeper will notify grower at least \_\_\_\_ days in advance of any change in projected delivery date.

Name of location: \_\_\_\_\_

Directions to location: \_\_\_\_\_

Placement instructions: \_\_\_\_\_

b. The beekeeper will provide colonies with the following minimum standards:  
 A laying queen with \_\_\_\_ frames of adult bees and \_\_\_\_ frames of brood.  
 The \_\_\_\_ story colony will have adequate surplus honey or equivalent feed.  
 The beekeeper will maintain all colonies at the standards above for the entire contract duration.  
 The grower may request inspection of any colony after notifying the beekeeper \_\_\_\_ days in advance.

c. The beekeeper will leave the bees on the crop until notified by grower at least \_\_\_\_ days prior to desired removal date. Beekeeper will remove hives within \_\_\_\_ days of notification date.

Projected date of removal: \_\_\_\_\_

Total projected duration of placement: \_\_\_\_ days.

d. The beekeeper will not be responsible for personal injury caused by unauthorized hive manipulation, abuse of hives or careless behavior in the immediate vicinity of the hives during the contract duration.

Page 1 of 3

Includes strength of the colonies and agreement's duration

Strict payment agreements depending on colony

# COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE OF INNOVATORS

## Indirect Competitors

### AGDRONE AND AGROBOT IN THE EU<sup>1</sup>

Valuation: \$ 29,28 M<sup>2</sup> ←  **Hummingbird**  
Technologies

Valuation: \$ 97,69 M<sup>3</sup> ←  **DELAIR**  
AERIAL INTELLIGENCE

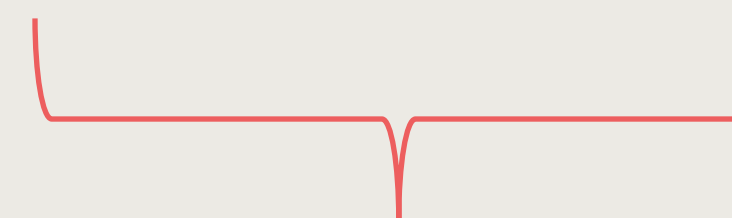
Valuation: n/a ←  **AERO41**

## Direct Competitors

### AGTECH POLLINATION START-UPS<sup>4</sup>

 **edete**  
Precision Technologies  
for Agriculture **HARVESTX**

DROPCOPTER

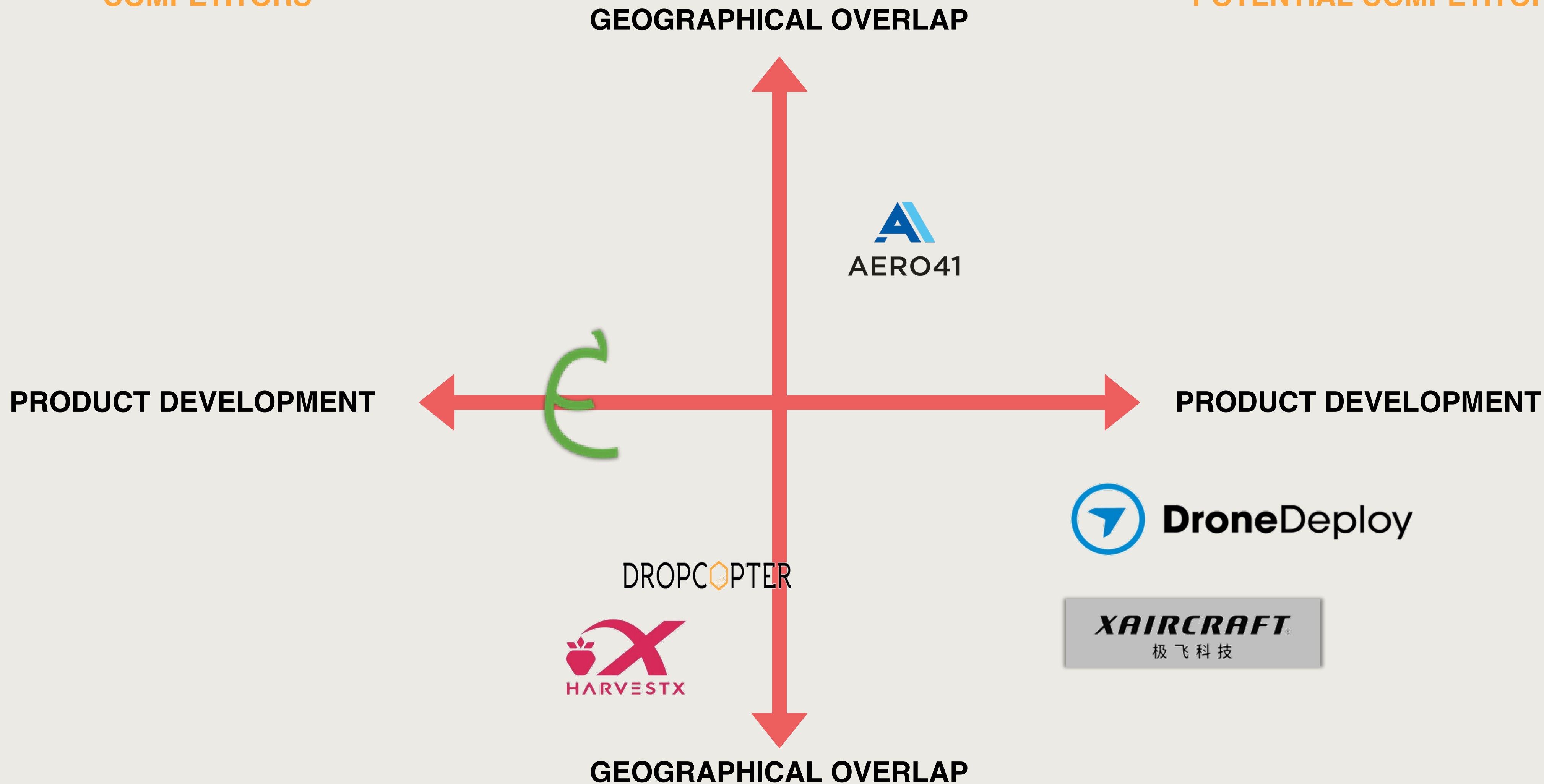


Too small for valuation

# THIS REVEALS A LARGE OPPORTUNITY

COMPETITORS

POTENTIAL COMPETITORS



# COMPETITORS OBJECTIVES

## Direct Competitors

### AGTECH POLLINATION START-UPS



- Pollen-harvesting system for the collection of flowers
- Separation of pollen from anthers
- Long-term storage of pollen stock
- Autonomic system self-positioning at an optimal position to cover any open flower<sup>1</sup>



- Company's technology recognizes flowers and fruits
- Using a depth camera and an image processing algorithm
- Thereby helps with pollination and harvesting<sup>2</sup>



- The company's system provides aerial pollination and dry material crop dusting
- Helps in spreading any granular or powdered material with tactical accuracy
- Enabling farmers to pollinate orchards to increase crop yield<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>(Edete Precision Technologies for Agriculture n.d.)

<sup>2</sup>(HarvestX Inc. n.d.)

<sup>3</sup>(Dropcopter n.d.)

\*More details in the appendix

# COMPETITORS LIMITATIONS

## Direct Competitors

### AGTECH POLLINATION START-UPS



DROPCOPTER

## Drawbacks

- Technological Set-Up
- Heavy machinery must move through the field
- Harming soil and vegetation
- Very time intensive
- The company's technology is stationed and has a fixed set-up
- No agile and adaptable movement possible yet
- Research and development service
- Spreading granular or powdered material by dispersing it over the tree
- Inaccuracy in hits
- Efficiency failure as pollen may not hit the stigma
- Costly as more pollen grains required

# OUR COMPETITIVE EDGE



1

Innovative Strategy

&

2

Technology Based  
Competitive Strategy



CUSTOMER  
ANALYSIS



# THIS IS JOÃO

- Greenhouse farmer
- 33 years old
- Portuguese
- One child
- Wife Camila
- Medium-sized, family-owned greenhouse farm



# LUCIA

- Apple farmer
- 40 years old
- Spanish
- No kids
- Husband Juan
- Farmer and member of Iberica Fruit Cooperation SL



C u s t o m e r   A n a l y s i s

# AND THIS IS ANTONIO

- Pear farmer
- 37 years old
- Italian
- Three children
- Wife Giulia
- Consortia member since 2015



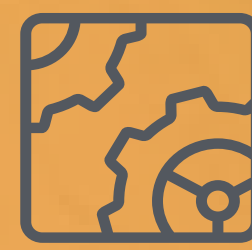
What do all of them have in common?

# THREE CORE VALUES



## TRADITION

Farmers have mostly been working in family-owned businesses, based on very old routines, mostly inherited by former family members<sup>1</sup>.



## EFFICIENCY

Their efficiency is their only insurance to success. By providing perfect conditions and working very carefully, farmers only then receive a sufficient harvest<sup>2</sup>.



## COMMITMENT

Another important value of farmers is their commitment. Only by investing a large amount of time, regardless of weather conditions, their income is assured<sup>3</sup>.

LET'S STICK WITH ANTONIO ...

# HIS CUSTOMER PROFILE

## 1. HIS JOBS

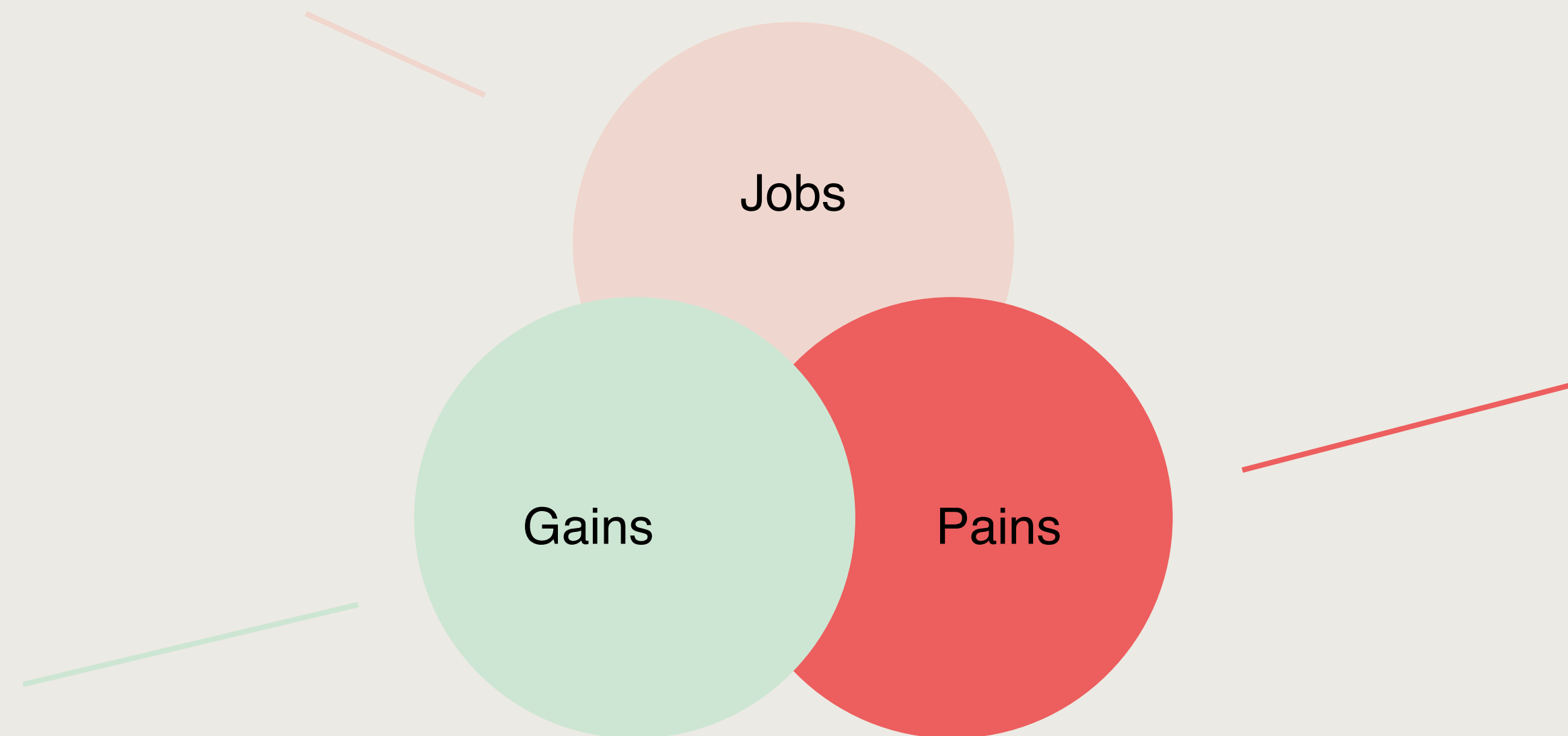
- Pollinating orchards
- Buying pollen, beehives and machinery
- Employ workforce
- Harvest and sell fruits

## 2. HIS PAINS

- Hard physical work
- Weather conditions
- High labor costs
- High machinery costs
- High overall expenses
- Reliance on external factors
- Dissatisfying outcome of yield

## 3. HIS GAINS

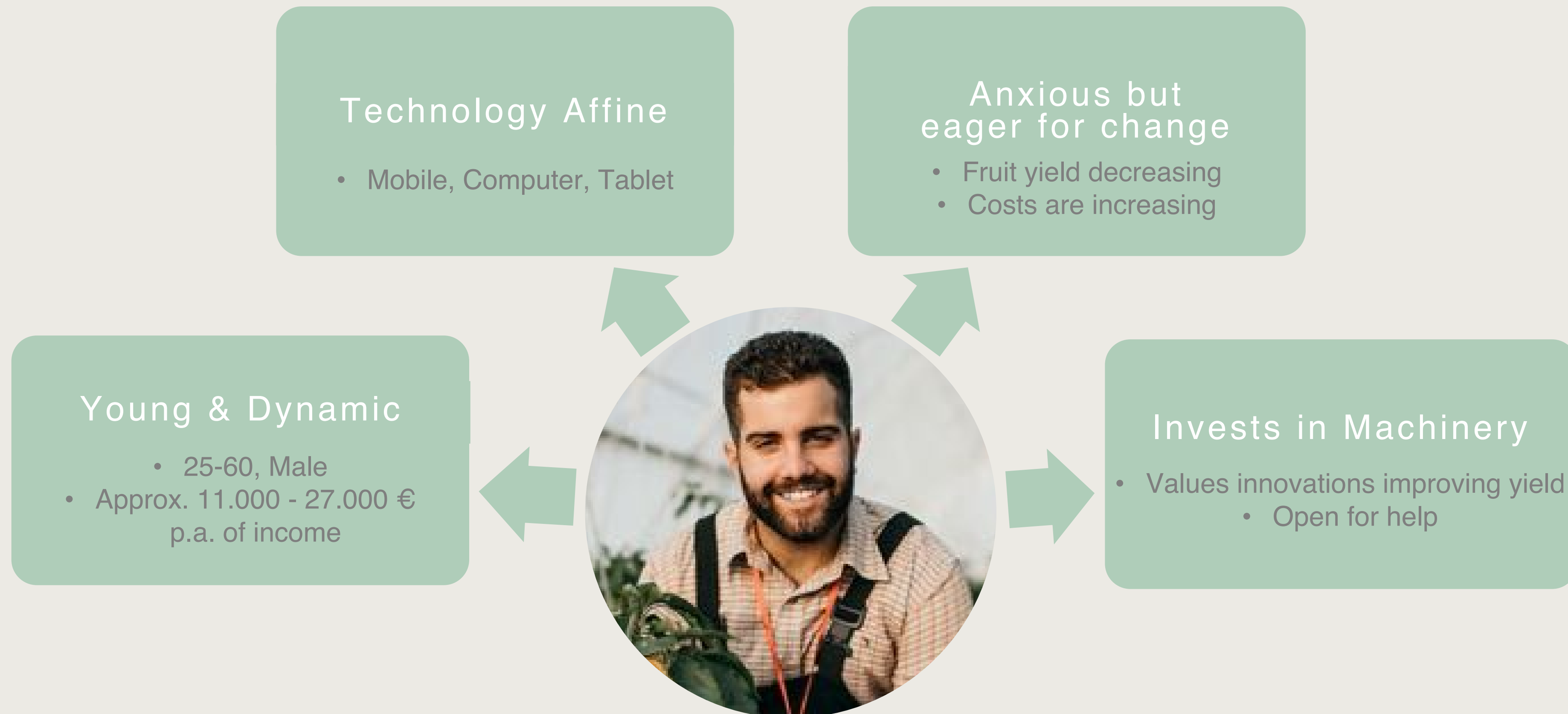
- Amount of fruit being sold
- High fruit yield
- Aspirations; good weather conditions, functioning machinery
- Efficient pollination rate by bees or artificial process



# ... WHAT MAKES HIM SLEEPLESS AT NIGHT?



# AND HOW CAN WE CHANGE THIS?





# WE SPOKE TO THE MARKET

“

“Costs are increasing due to the insufficient use of pollen grains. Furthermore, the costs for pollen grains are steadily increasing based on rising demand.”



**PollenPro**

Jennifer Beddard<sup>1</sup>

“

“Farmers invest into the automation of production as much as they can. They are eager to automize everything.”



**Sovena Group**

João Basto<sup>2</sup>

“

“The main difficulties of our farmers, regarding pollination, is the lack of pollinating insects. [...] the process can be very expensive [...]”



**FRUTALVOR**

Ricardo Daniel Mendes<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>(Beddard 2021)  
<sup>2</sup>(Basto 2021)  
<sup>3</sup>(R. D. Mendes 2021)



S T A T U S   Q U O



# WHICH METHODS DOES ANTONIO USE?

## FOR OPEN FIELD



approx. 439 €/hectare<sup>1</sup>

### Traditional Pollination

- +** • Use of traditional resources
- Environmentally friendly
- • High costs
- Weather dependent
- Threat to wild bees<sup>2</sup>



approx. 4 €/hectare<sup>3</sup>

### Plant Growth Regulators

- +** • Increase in fruit sets
- Consistent fruit production
- • Environmental hazard
- High labor costs
- Leaves traces on soil and ground
- Health concerns for consumers<sup>4</sup>



approx. 4.000 €/hectare<sup>5</sup>  
+ (173.000 €/tractor)<sup>5</sup>

### Machine Pollination

- +** • Low labor costs
- Consistent fruit production
- • Heavy machinery damages soil
- High initial investment
- Time extensive
- Lack of efficiency<sup>6</sup>

(Breeze, Dean and Potts 2017), (Wikipedia 2020)<sup>1</sup>  
(Beddard 2021)<sup>2</sup>  
(Overbeek 1952)<sup>3</sup>

Source Image 1: (Burden 2017), Source Image 2: (Henry & Co. 2018), Source Image 3: (Pugh 2017)

<sup>4</sup>(Rademacher, 2015)  
<sup>5</sup>(Locknear n.d.), (Beddard 2021)  
<sup>6</sup>(Beddard 2021)

Status Quo

# AND WHAT DOES JOÃO DO?

## FOR GREENHOUSES



approx. 439 €/hectare<sup>1</sup>

**Traditional Pollination**



approx. 4 €/hectare<sup>2</sup>

**Plant Growth Regulators**



approx. 4 € per 1000 flowers<sup>3</sup>

Difference to open field pollination

**Hand Pollination**

- + • High pollination success rate<sup>4</sup>
- Consistent fruit production
- • Extremely high labor costs<sup>5</sup>
- High material costs<sup>6</sup>
- Over-pollination<sup>7</sup>
- Labor accidents<sup>8</sup>
- Extremely time extensive<sup>9</sup>

(Breeze, Dean and Potts 2017), (Wikipedia 2020)<sup>1</sup>  
 (Overbeek 1952)<sup>2</sup>  
 (Zhang, et al. 2021)<sup>3</sup>  
 (Wurz, Grass and Tschardtke 2021)<sup>4, 5, 6, 7, 8</sup>  
 (Yang and Miyako 2020)<sup>9</sup>  
 Source Image 3: (Grobleckner 2020)  
 \*For further Information please view Appendix Slide "Cost of Hand Pollination in the US".

**“... we are always open to new tools that can enhance the quality and performance of our products.”**

Carla Rasteiro

Technical Advisor at COOPVAL



# WHY PEOPLE WANT TO WORK WITH US

(Griffiths 2019)

## TIME EFFICIENCY

Nondependent on external factors

## MODERATE LABOUR

One pollination expert required

## PRECISE POLLINATION

Pollination success is at over 90%<sup>1</sup>

## AGILITY

Drone moves in any kind of territory

## ADAPTABILITY

Service adaptable to the farmers personal needs

## ALL-IN-ONE

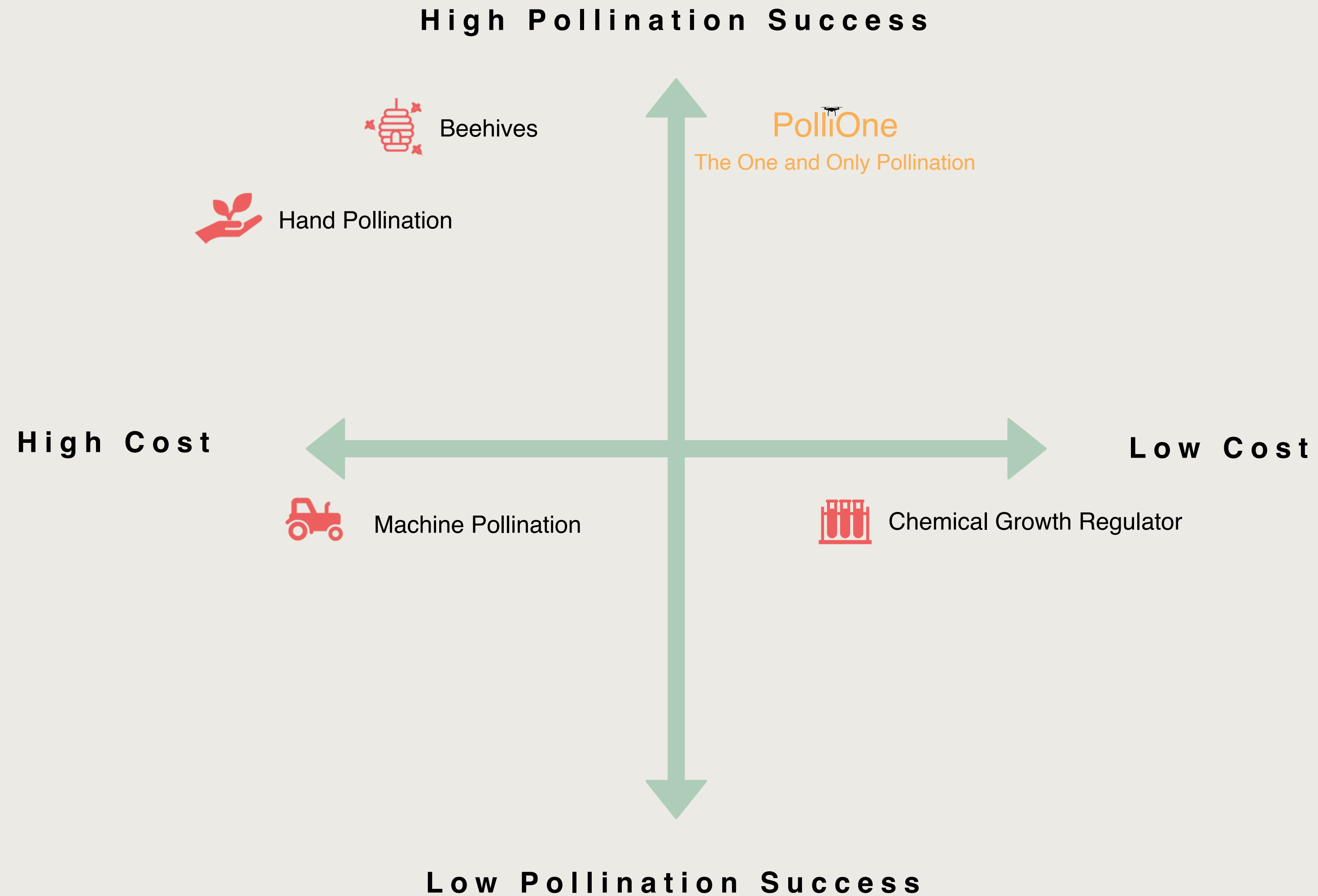
Pollination service on-site and customer support afterwards



<sup>1</sup>(Yang and Miyako 2020)  
Source Image: (Dress 2019)

P o l l i O n e

# WHERE WE POSITION OURSELVES



# OUR TARGET CUSTOMERS

medium to large seized customers

## PORTUGAL



- Frutalvor - Central Fruteira C.R.L.
- Cooperativa Agrícola dos Fruticultores do Cadaval (Coopval)



## SPAIN



- Hawo Fruits Spain S.L.
- Anecoop S. Coop.



## ITALY



- Consorzio Melinda
- Bergonzoni S.r.l.



### Revenue in Million

8 EUR<sup>1</sup>

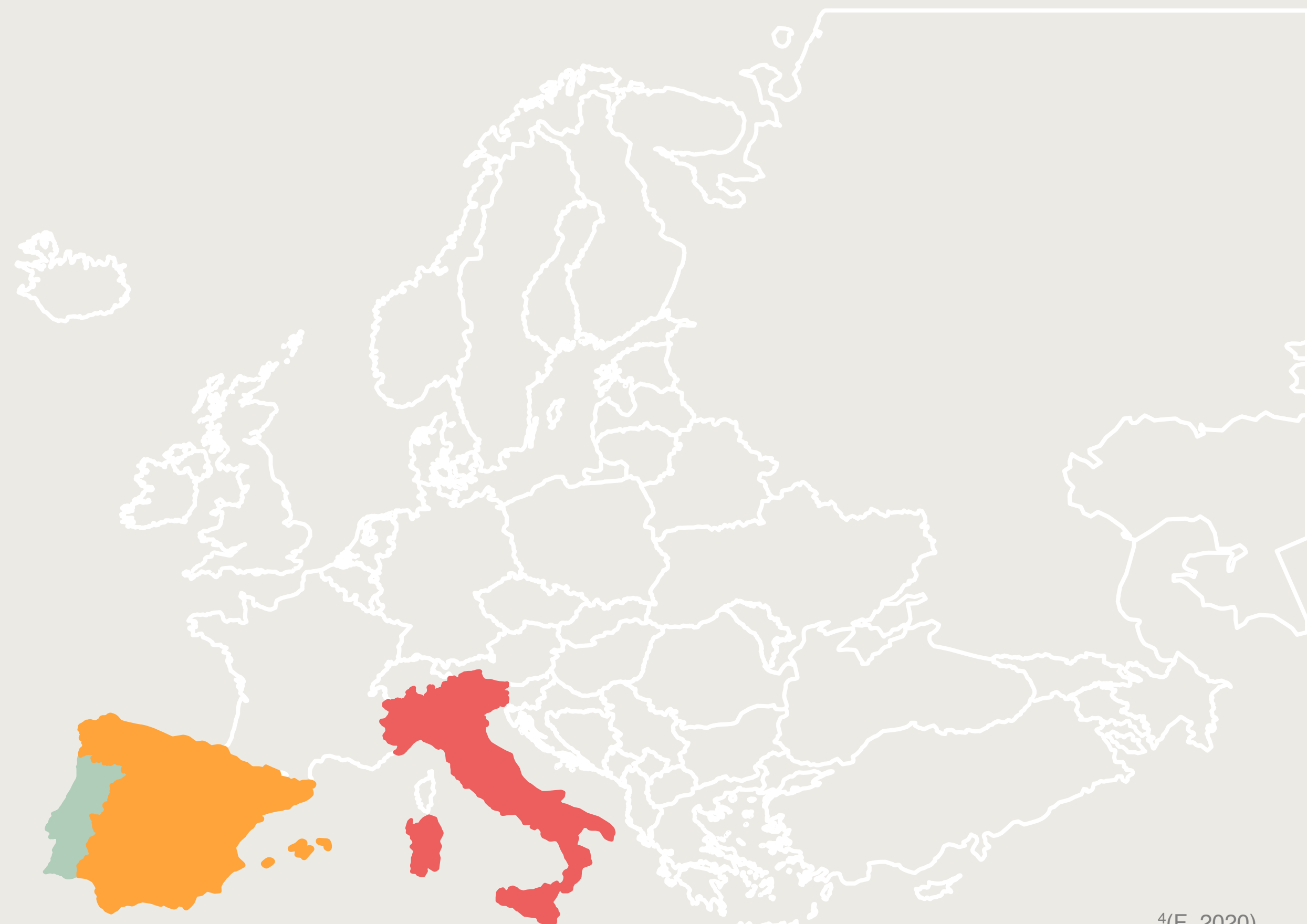
n/a

30 EUR<sup>2</sup>

770 EUR<sup>3</sup>

100 EUR<sup>4</sup>

8.4 EUR<sup>5</sup>



(Pedroso 2019)<sup>1</sup>  
 (INFORMA D&B S.A.U. (S.M.E.) n.d.)<sup>2</sup>  
 (FreshPlaza.it 2021)<sup>3</sup>

<sup>4</sup>(F. 2020)  
<sup>5</sup>(Reportaziende n.d.)



VALUE  
PROPOSITION





## OUR MISSION

To revolutionize the pollination process by providing **accessible**, customizable and **efficient** pollination for farmers.

## OUR VISION

Is to be recognized as the **number one** smart pollination service for farmers worldwide.

## OUR GOALS

PolliOne strives to become Europe's leading smart farming start-up. It aims at starting operations by the end of **2025**.

# WHAT MAKES US DIFFERENT?

Our focus is **artificial pollination**

## 1. OUR PRODUCTS & SERVICES

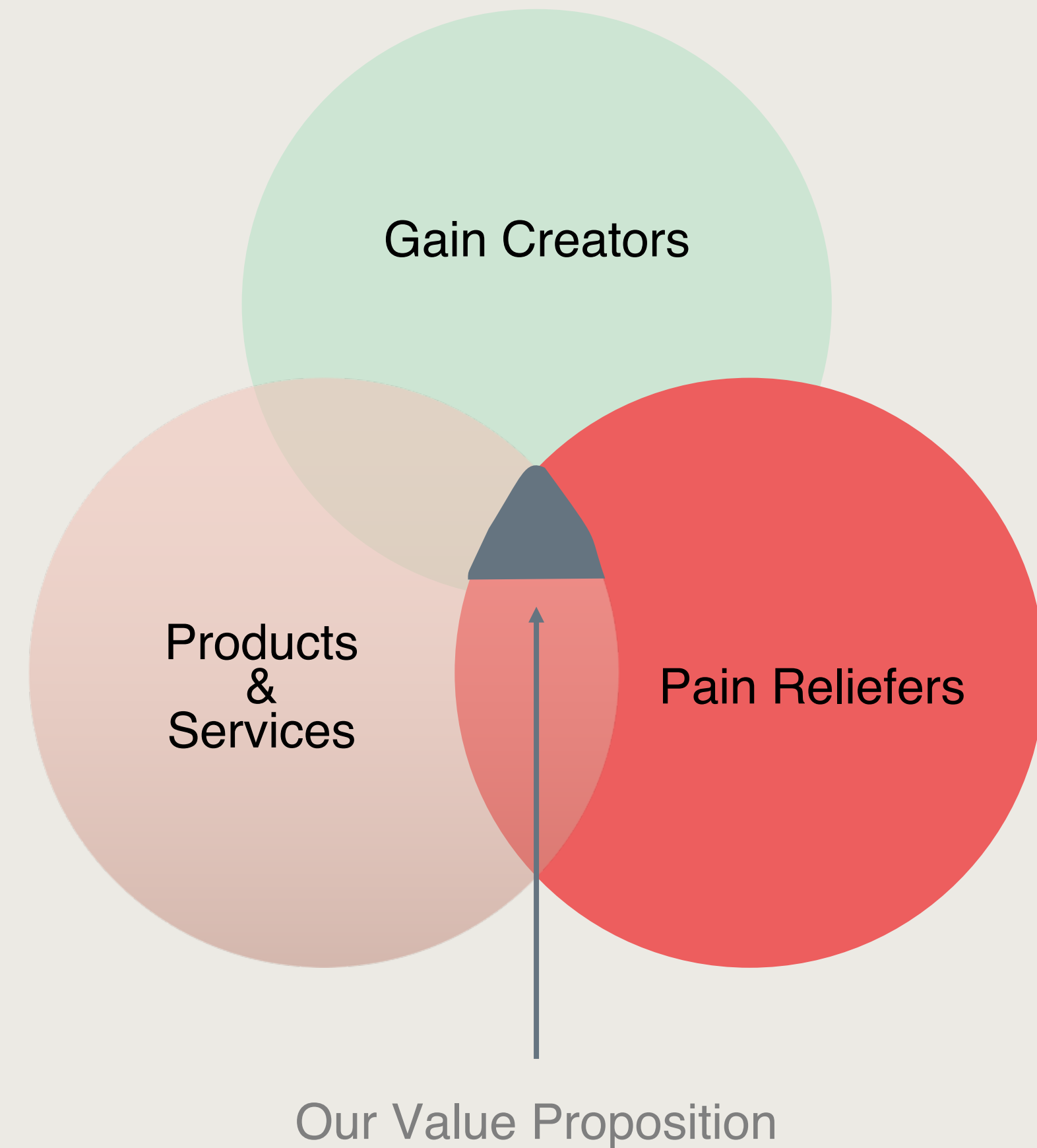
- Pollination Service
- Use of drones and innovative pollen disperser
- Time-efficient, inexpensive alternative

## 2. OUR PAIN RELIEFERS

- Eliminates labor and machinery costs
- Minimizes pollen grain costs
- Reduces time spent on field

## 3. OUR GAIN CREATORS

- Production of higher yield
- Increases profits
- Maximizes time for farmer





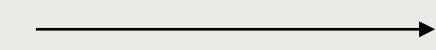
B U S I N E S S  
M O D E L



# OUR BUSINESS MODEL



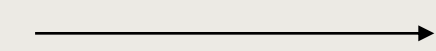
SUBSCRIPTION-BASED  
MODEL **OPEN FIELD FARMERS**



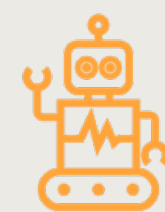
Short Term



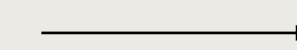
SUBSCRIPTION-BASED  
MODEL **GREENHOUSE FARMERS**



Medium Term



LICENSING AI-TECHNOLOGY



Long Term



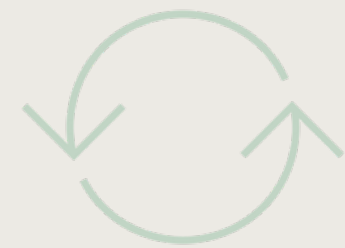
# HOW DOES THE SUBSCRIPTION WORK?

FOR OPEN FIELD FARMERS

1

Dependent on the pollination season of the fruit

- **Seasonal** pollination process, every year



2

Apple Season

\*Early to late May<sup>1</sup>

Pear Season

\*Late April to mid May<sup>2</sup>

- Between **1-2 months** a year

= price per season: 800€ p/hectare



P o l l i O n e

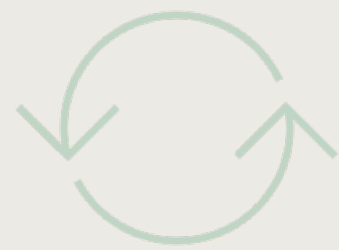
# IN THE FUTURE

FOR GREENHOUSES

1

## All-year pollination service

- **Constant** pollination process throughout the year



2

## Fruits & vegetables pollinated repeatedly

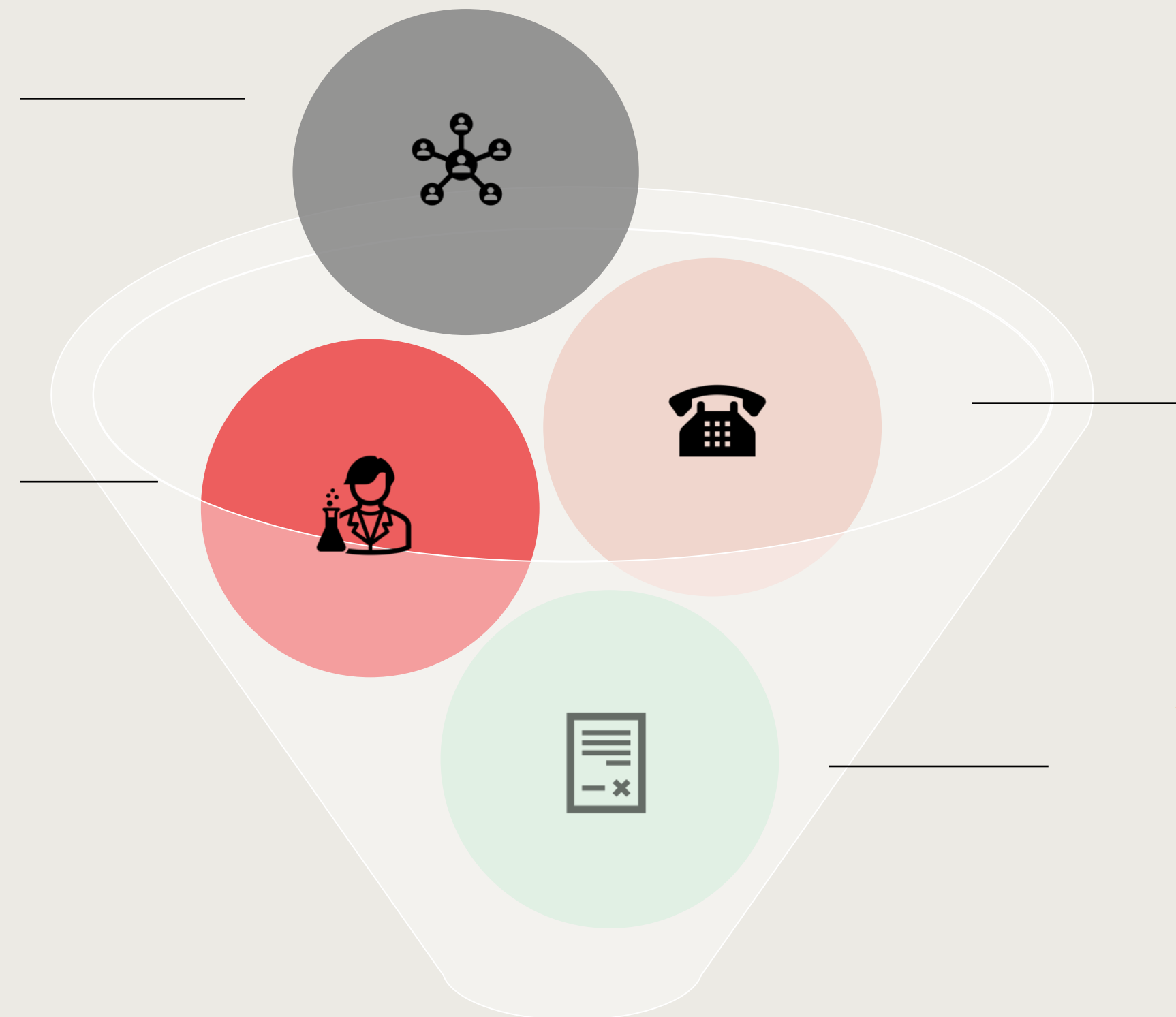
- Subscription model is **paid monthly**



# OUR SALES PROCESS

**What?** Establish an intimate customer network.  
**How?** Visit agricultural trade fairs to present our solution and tackle their challenges.

**What?** Convince customers of pollination reliability.  
**How?** Through on-site testing.



**What?** Contact farmers via phone or on-site visits and start sales process.  
**How?** Through our established network.

**What?** Close the deal by converting potential customers into real ones.  
**How?** Convince them of our advantages by presenting scientific results\*.

**What?** Ensure customers can utilize our PolliOne technology.

**How?** Through customer service hotline and our on-field experts.

\*Please view Appendix Slide "The Science behind our solution".



O P E R A T I O N A L  
M O D E L



Operational Model

# HOW DOES A FARMER GO FROM TRADITION TO INNOVATION?





# OUR OPERATIONAL PROCESS



- Pollen grains
- Drone
- Flying software
- 3D printing
- Camera

- Assemble drone
- Bubble liquid
- Contracting farmer
- Preparation
- Go on-site
- Drone setup
- Bubble inventory
- Test run
- Training
- Customer support
- On-site support
- Technical support

Operational Model

# SUPPLIERS



Pollen



Drone  
Flight Software

**SONY**

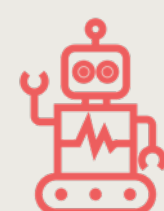
Camera



3D Printing

The ability to change suppliers ensures **adaptation** and **service delivery**. The equipment updating over the years always allows us to be **competitive**.

# DRONE AND FLIGHT SOFTWARE KEY FEATURES



**Autonomous** and assisted flight mode<sup>1</sup>



Payload up to **5,5 kg**<sup>2</sup>



Minimum of **30 minutes** flight duration<sup>3</sup>



Maximum speed of up to **65 kmh** (no wind)<sup>4</sup>



**Resistant** to atmospheric conditions and to the field<sup>5</sup>

# CAMERA KEY FEATURES

**SONY**

High image quality based on a 20-megapixel sensor<sup>1</sup>

Weight less than 300 gr in order to increase flight autonomy<sup>2</sup>

Normalized Difference Vegetation Index for vegetation vigour<sup>3</sup>

Doesn't affect the cost of our service choosing a not advanced product

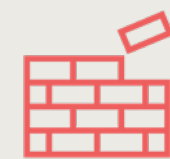
# 3D PRINTING KEY FEATURES



**Flexibility** in engineering our specified design<sup>1</sup>



Small batches to enable a **prototype** and **final production**<sup>2</sup>



**Carbon fiber** to reduce weight and increase strength<sup>3</sup>



**30% lighter** overall weight and **10% higher stiffness**<sup>4</sup>

# POLLEN GRAIN KEY FEATURES



**Synergies** with our partner to collect pollen from our customers

PollenPro's **proprietary system** for filtering pollen from flowers<sup>1</sup>

Pollination of **king blooms**, 3 times larger than a standard one<sup>2</sup>

**Quantity, quality, specificity** for each type of crop and fruit<sup>3</sup>

**50% more efficient** dispersion optimization than with ATVs<sup>4</sup>



# HOW TO HARVEST POLLEN?

## COLLECTION

- Mechanically acting on trees
- During blooming period<sup>1</sup>
- Filter machine separates pollen from the stamens<sup>2</sup>

## STORAGE

- Pollen stored in refrigerators for one year
- Duration depends on type of fruit
- Apple and pear can be stored up to five years<sup>3</sup>



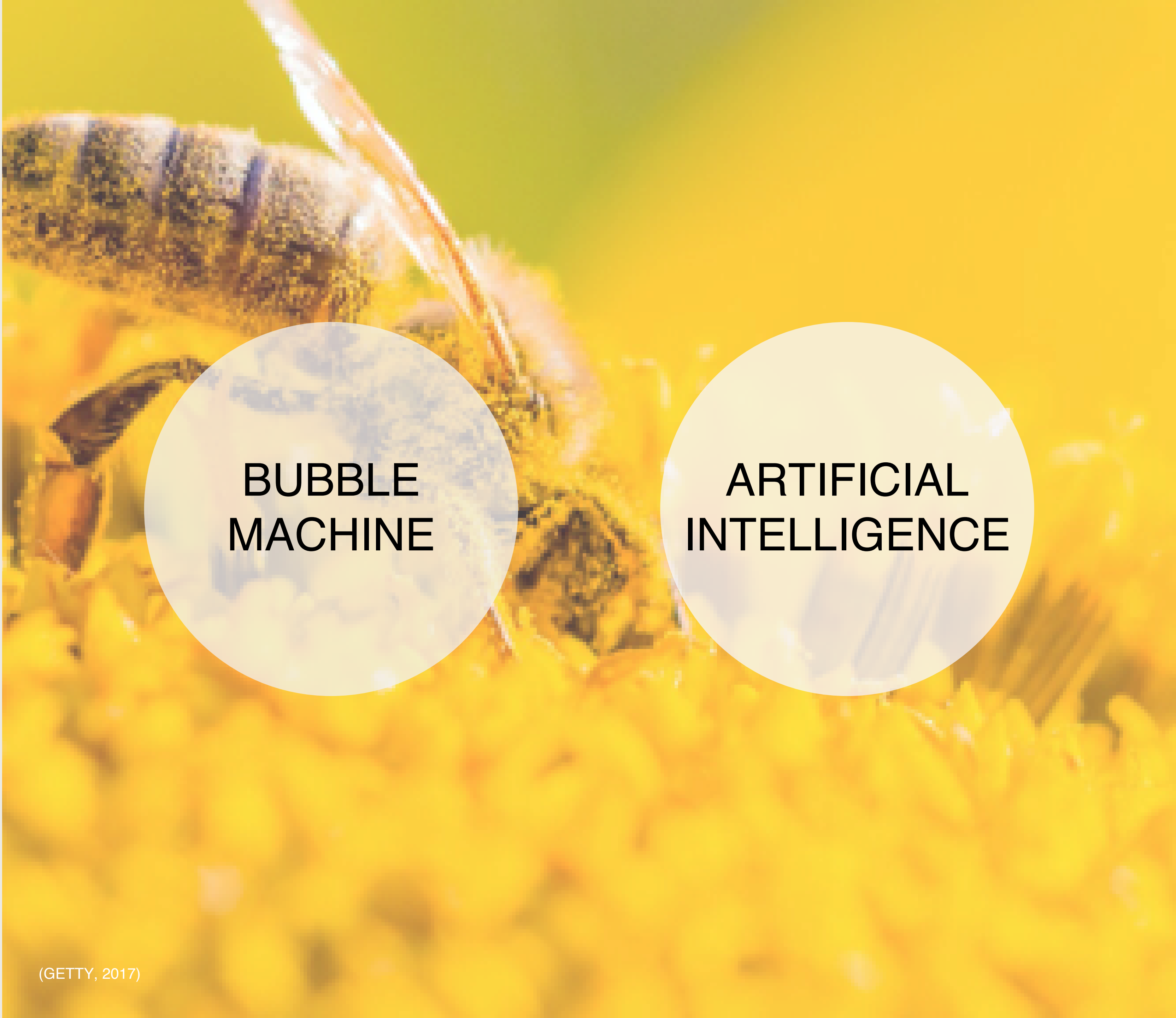
RESEARCH  
&  
DEVELOPMENT



Development Processes

# IN-HOUSE

Focusing on **core developments** enables us to differentiate from competitors and offer a **unique solution**.



BUBBLE  
MACHINE

ARTIFICIAL  
INTELLIGENCE

# DISPERSE MACHINERY AND SOAP LIQUID

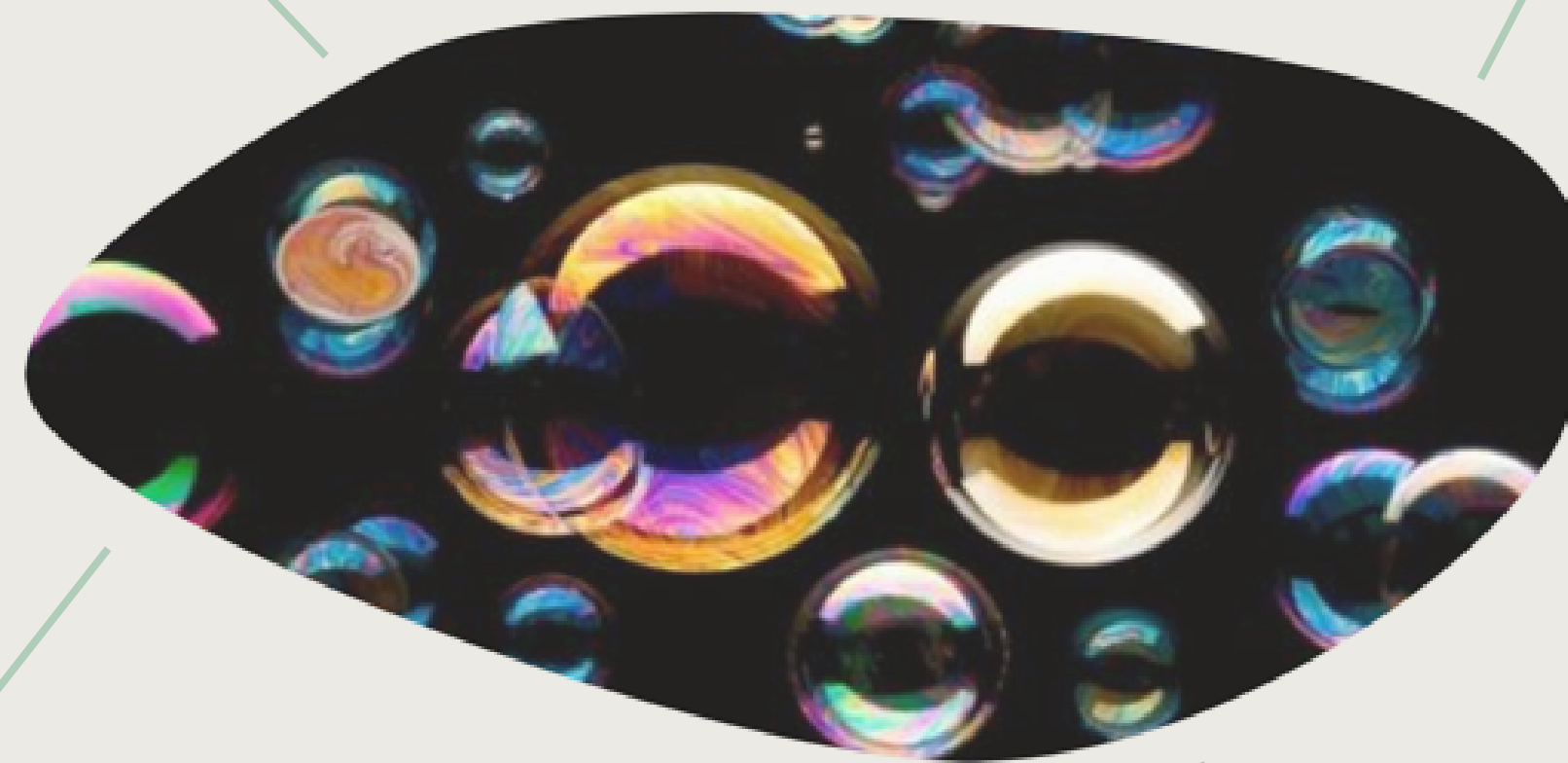
## Closed tank

to preserve solution during flight

Quick and accessible refill

## Brushless motor

runned by drone's batteries

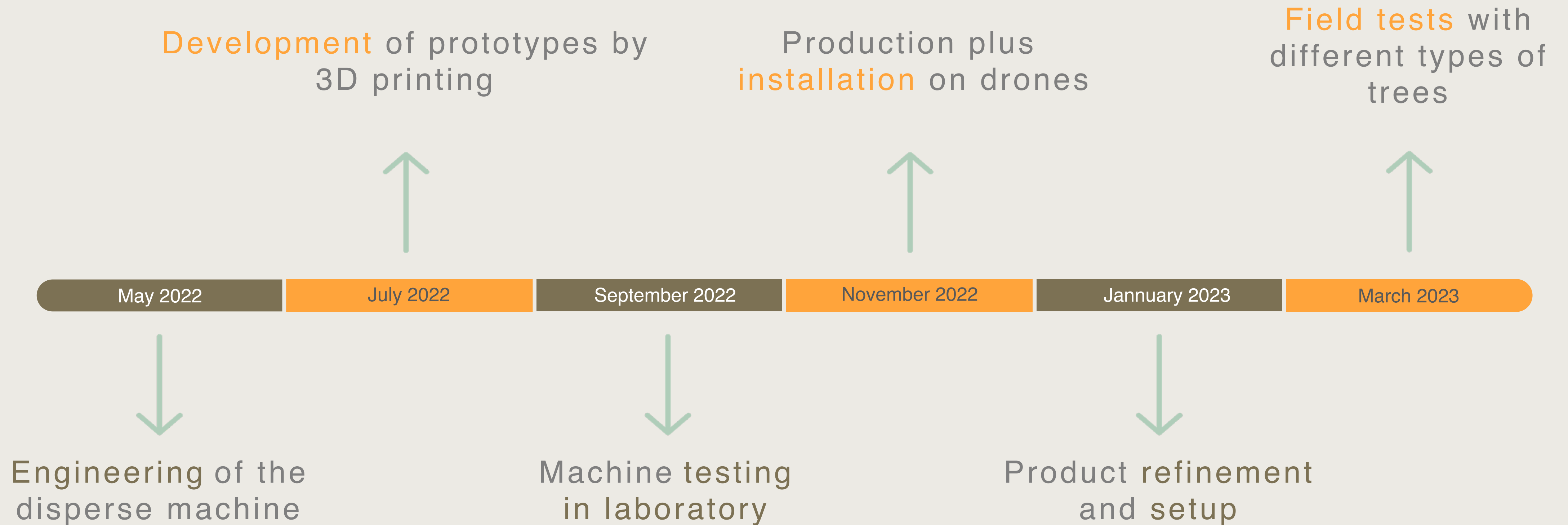


Integrated tank in a single chassis

2% HPMC and 1% A-20AB to stabilize the bubbles and make them sticky<sup>1</sup>

5000 soap bubbles mechanically stabilized per minute<sup>2</sup>

# DISPERSE MACHINE DEVELOPMENT





# ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE DEVELOPMENT

---

Development of AI enabling **detection** of fruit blossom **characteristics**

Intellectual property registration, including licensing purposes



Integration of AI with drone flight software

**Laboratory and field testing** trying different scenarios and fruit trees

# ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

## HOW DOES IT WORK?

- Analyzation of orchard by:
  - **Number of trees**
  - **Arrangement**
  - **Presence of flowers**
  - **Obstacles**
- Dialogue between AI and drone flight software
- Providing commands and routes
- Estimation of refuelling<sup>1</sup>

## WHAT DOES IT DO?

- Drone follows linear arrangement
- Longer pollination period
- Process is autonomous
- Pollen refill and battery replacement is autonomous<sup>2</sup>
- Average pollination cycle of one hectare is **2 hours**

# PolliOne ON SITE

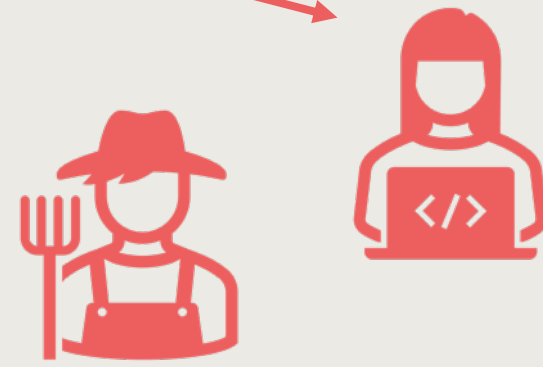
PolliOne

Our **customer journey** explained

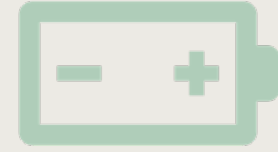


Our Expert

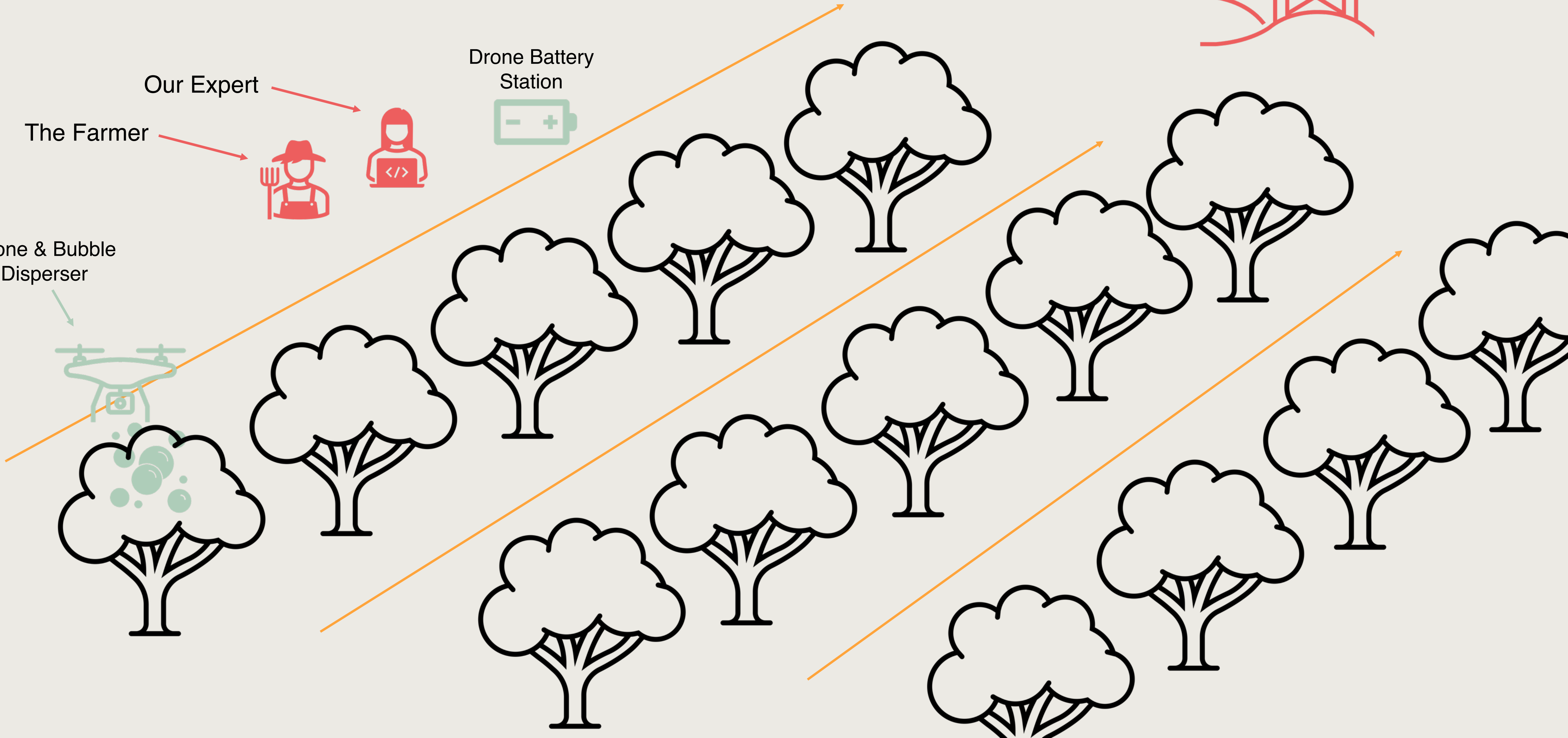
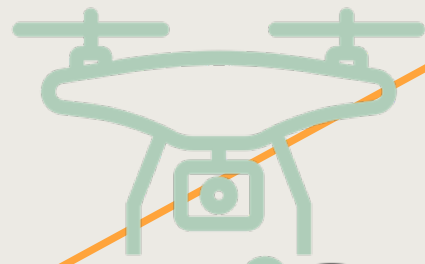
The Farmer



Drone Battery Station



Drone & Bubble Disperser





# THE TEAM



# WHO WILL MAKE THINGS POSSIBLE?



**Alica Ulrich**

**CEO**

B.A. Media & Communication  
Management

Professional Experience in  
Marketing & Project  
Management



**Alessandro Ferioli**

**CGO**

B.Sc. Business  
Administration

Professional Experience  
in Corporate Finance



**Maxim Herbosch**

**CFO**

B.Sc. Business &  
Economics

Professional Experience  
in Private Equity and  
Business Development



**Andrea Epis**

**CPO**

B.Sc. Business  
Administration

Professional Experience  
in Financial Markets

# OUR TEAM IN THE FUTURE

- Chief Technology Officer - 2023
- Scientific Advisor - 2024
- Mechanical Engineer – 2024\*
- Agronomist – 2024\*
- Head of Sales - 2025
- Sales Employee - 2027



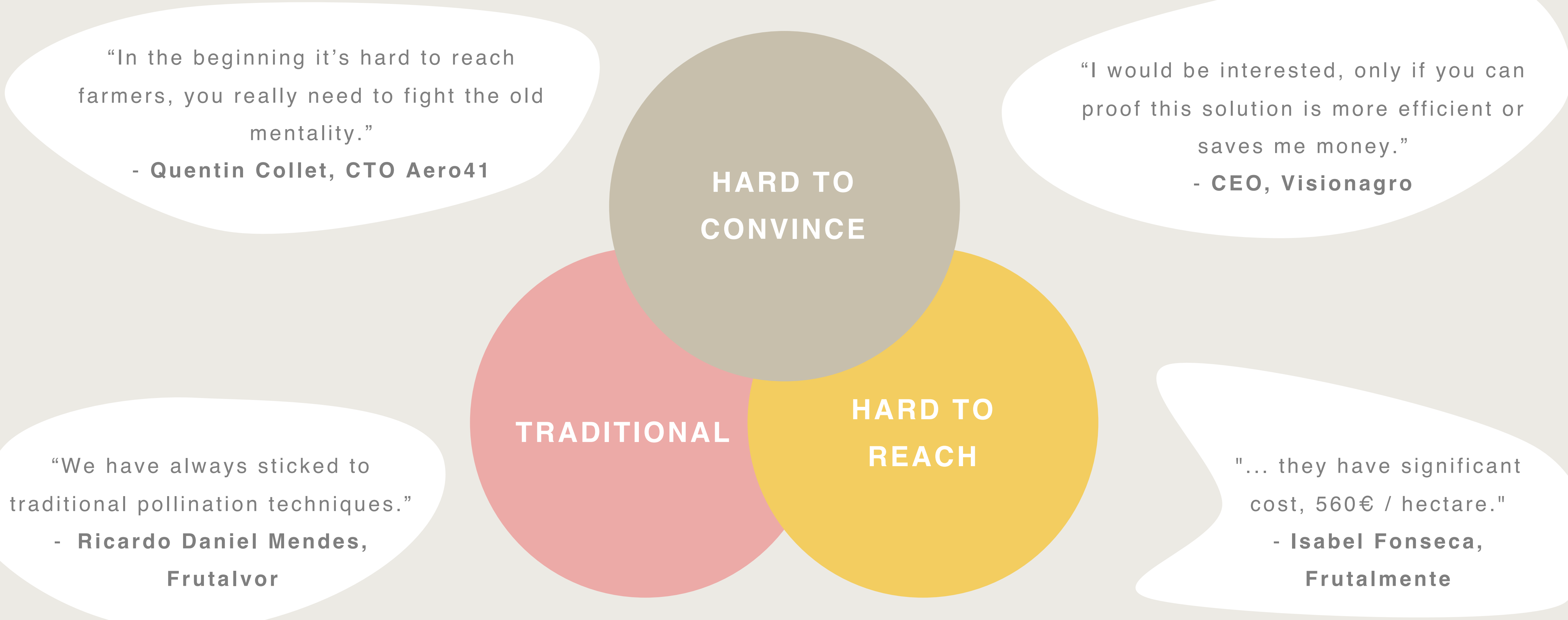


GO - TO -  
MARKET  
STRATEGY



To Recap

# FARMERS KEY BARRIERS



“In the beginning it’s hard to reach farmers, you really need to fight the old mentality.”

- **Quentin Collet, CTO Aero41**

“I would be interested, only if you can proof this solution is more efficient or saves me money.”

- **CEO, Visionagro**

**HARD TO CONVINCe**

“We have always sticked to traditional pollination techniques.”

- **Ricardo Daniel Mendes, Frutalvor**

**TRADITIONAL**

**HARD TO REACH**

"... they have significant cost, 560€ / hectare."

- **Isabel Fonseca, Frutalmente**

<sup>1</sup>(Quentin 2021)  
<sup>2</sup>(R. D. Mendes 2021)

<sup>3</sup>(Edo 2021)  
<sup>4</sup>(Fonseca 2021)

# REACHING OUR CUSTOMERS

## FOCUS

### CONSORTIA



## CHANNEL

**DIRECT APPROACH**  
Face-to-Face/Telephone

**FARMING JOURNALS & WEBSITES**



**FARM EXPOSITION**



**WORD-OF-MOUTH**

## BENEFITS

**BREAK THE NORM**

**FASTER ADOPTION**

**RAPID EXPANSION**

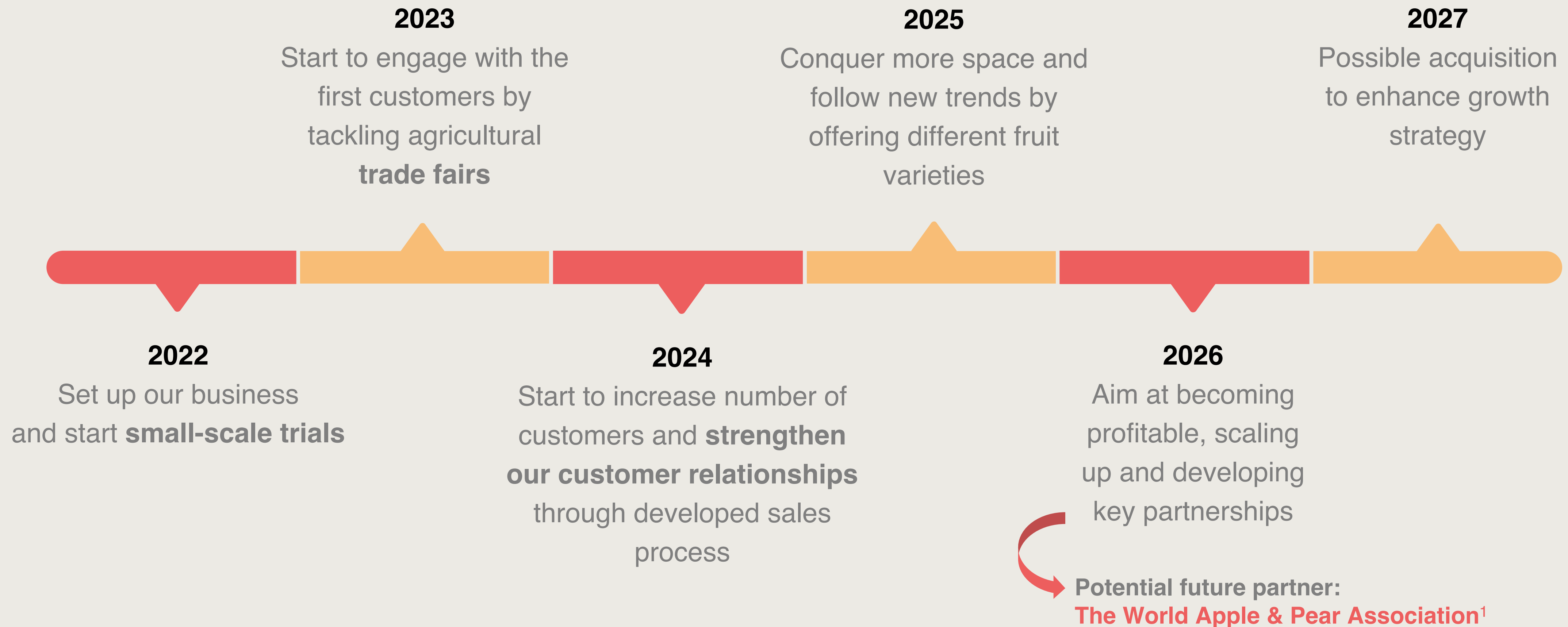
**NETWORK EFFECT**

**EARLY ADOPTERS**

**TECH-SAVVY FARMERS**



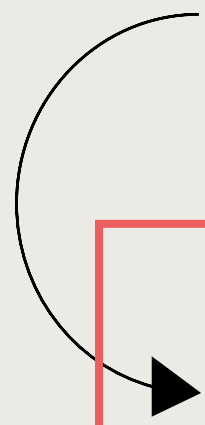
# GO-TO-MARKET MILESTONES



<sup>1</sup>(WAPA Association n.d.)

# EXPANSION OPPORTUNITIES

- Similar characteristics to apples and pears in terms of pollination
  - Represent a **growth opportunity** for our company



ALMOND	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not wind-pollinated</li> <li>• Bloom for 3-week period yearly<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>
KIWI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No nectar to attract insects</li> <li>• Number of seeds depend on amount of pollen<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>
PUMPKIN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Requires large amount of pollen</li> <li>• Fruit quality enhanced by intensive pollinator activity<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>



## SPAIN

2<sup>ND</sup> biggest pumpkin producer in the EU<sup>4</sup>  
**Biggest** almond producer in the EU<sup>5</sup>

## ITALY

2<sup>ND</sup> biggest kiwi producer worldwide<sup>6</sup>

(Goldowitz Jimenez 2020)<sup>1</sup>  
 (Science Learning Hub – Pokapū Akoranga Pūtaiao 2014)<sup>2</sup>  
 (Surcica, 2014)<sup>3</sup>

<sup>4</sup>(Statista Inc. 2021)  
<sup>5</sup>(European Commission 2020)  
<sup>6</sup>(Medina 2021)



# P R I C I N G






# PRICING DECOMPOSITION

PREMIUM 

Limited offering

**Generic pollination services**



**KOPPERT**  
BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS

+/- €500/ha<sup>1</sup>

The **value** we provide allows us to demand a **premium price**

**PolliOne**

Premium service

All-in-one

Efficiency

€800/ha

**PRICE DRIVERS**

**Cost**

- Pollen grains
- Expert service

**Benefit**

- Yield increase
- Expert support

<sup>1</sup>(Silveira 2021)



FINANCIAL  
PLAN





# GROWTH OBJECTIVES

Total apple and pear orchard area



**Total 150 000 hectares \***

## FOCUS

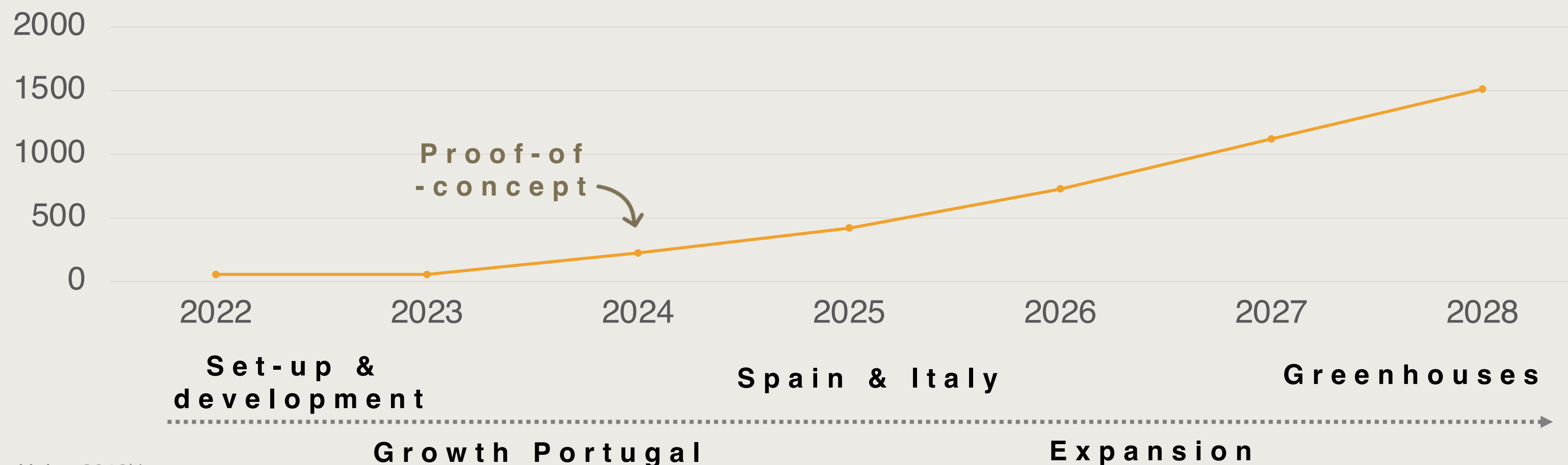


**28+ hectares**

Farmers with large lands

- ✓ Faster adoption and growth
- ✓ Higher profitability

Number of Hectares



## ASSUMPTIONS

- |               |                                   |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| ● 28 ha       | Av. orchard size <sup>1</sup>     |
| ● 1 month     | Pollination duration <sup>2</sup> |
| ● 39 ha/drone | Pollination cycle                 |
| ● 22          | Optimal flying days <sup>3</sup>  |

(European Union 2019)\*  
 (University of Illinois Board of Trustees 2021)<sup>1</sup>  
 (Silveira 2021)<sup>2</sup>

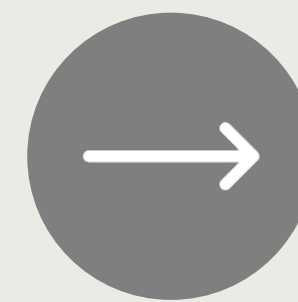
<sup>3</sup>(Quentin 2021)

# REVENUE FORECAST

Revenues are driven directly by the number hectares we pollinate

## DRIVERS

- Solid service
- Large customers
- Rapid pollination
- Greenhouses



## RESULTS

- High customer retention
- Economies of scale
- Synergies between clients
- Additional revenue

Yearly revenue



Note: revenue and growth forecast were generated based on insights gathered from industry professionals such as: Quentin Collet, CTO Aero41

# KEY EXPENSES



## RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

For execution and analysis of field and lab testing cycles

Mechanical engineer

Artificial intelligence

Renting laboratory

Field test & analysis



## CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

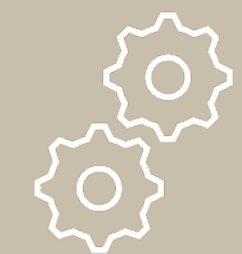
Purchase of assets, mainly costs from outsourcing

Drone & flight software

Camera

Pollen

Bubble machine 3D



## OPERATING & SERVICE COSTS

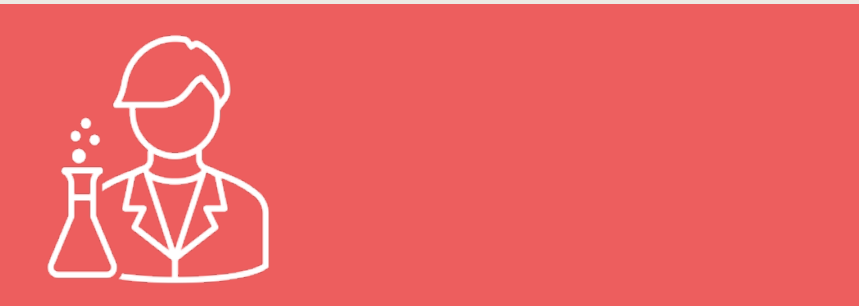
Maintain appropriate expenses to run the day-to-day business smoothly

Employees

Storage room

Office

Logistics



# RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

**Bubble R&D Project**

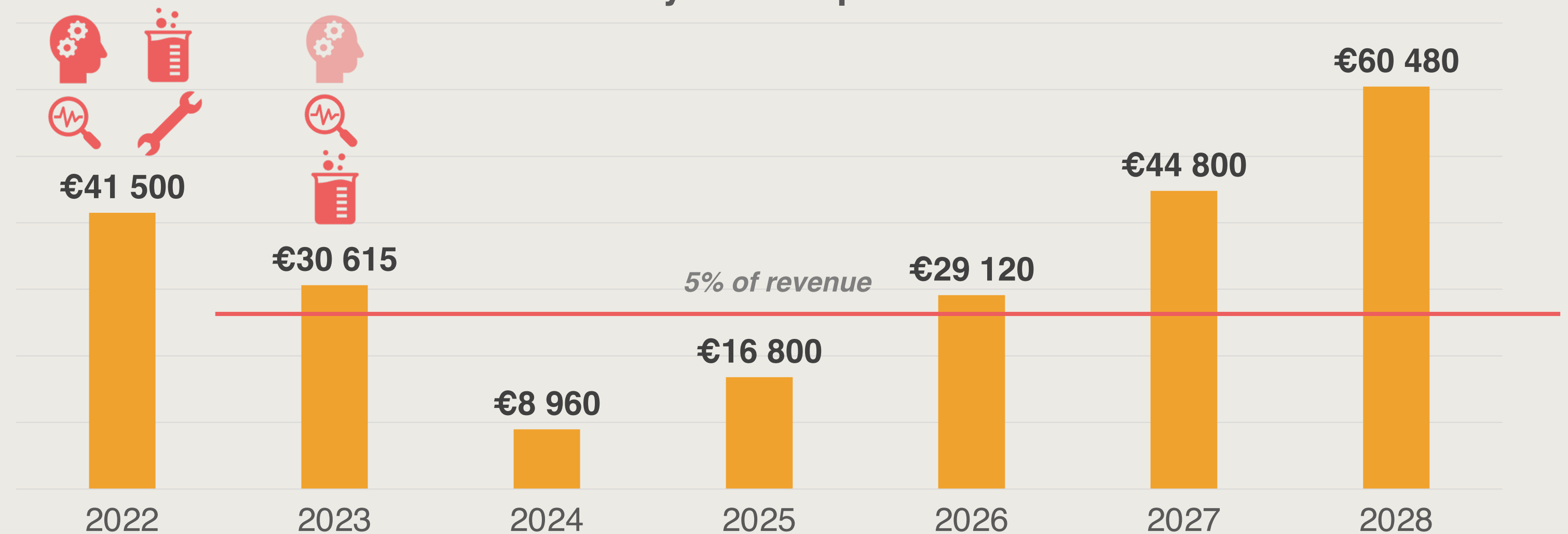
**AI Technology Progress**

**Upfront R&D costs (until 2024)**  
**€70k**

- ✓ Larger R&D investment during early years in order to build a strong proof-of-concept before **2025 target**
- ✓ **5% of revenues reinvested into R&D** to keep improving and providing our premium service

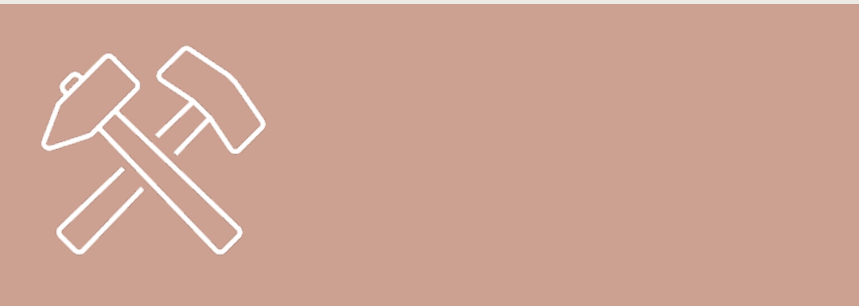
	FREELANCE MECH. ENGINEER <sup>1</sup> (20h – 3 months *2)	€6 250
	FEEDBACK ANALYSIS <sup>2</sup> (20h – 3 months *2)	€7 250
	LABORATORY <sup>3</sup>	€18 000
	EQUIPMENT & OTHER <sup>4</sup>	€10 000

**Yearly R&D Expense**



(Economic Research Institute 2021)<sup>1</sup>  
(Payscale, Inc. 2021)<sup>2</sup>  
(Statista, Inc. 2021)<sup>3</sup>

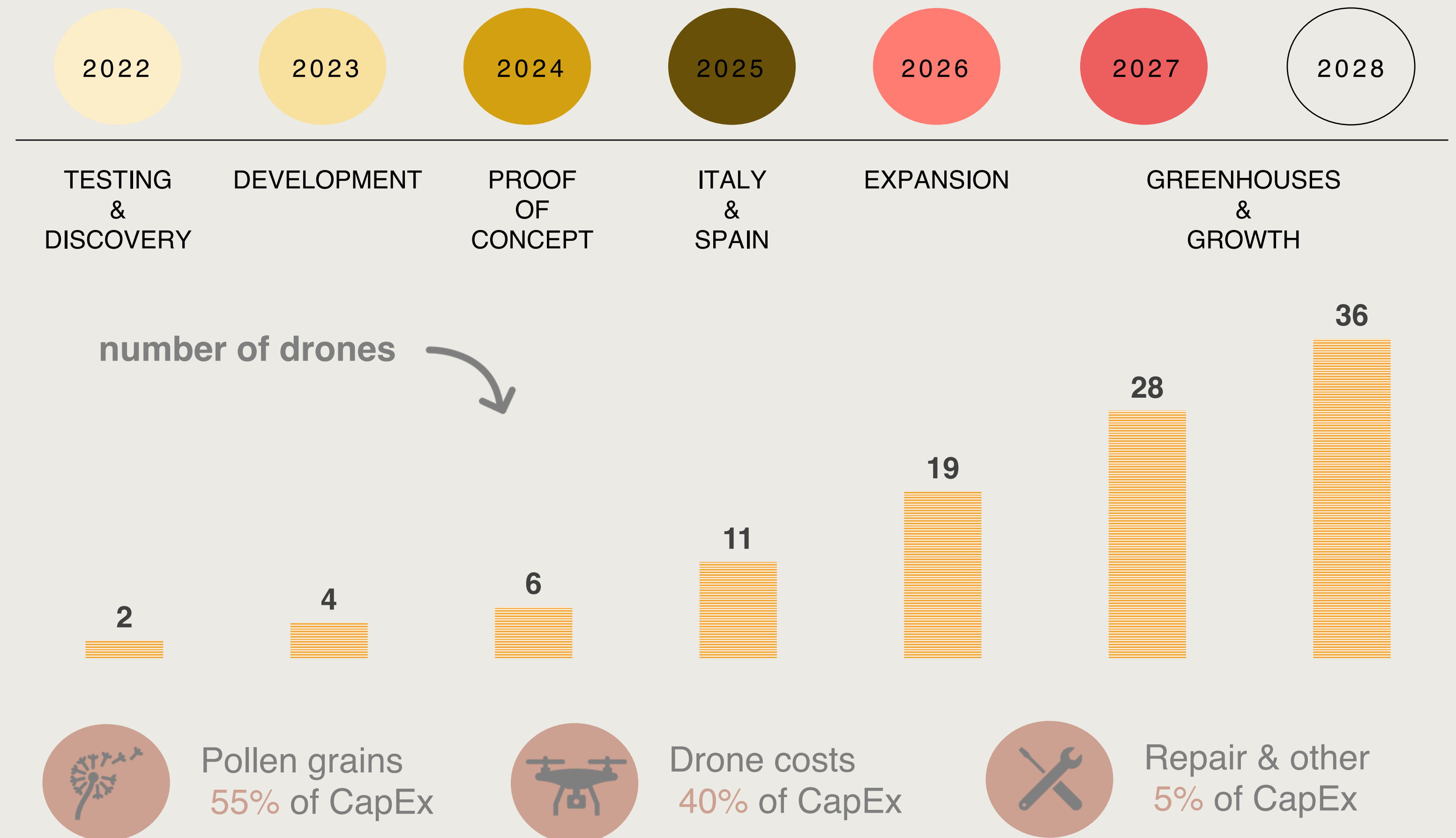
<sup>4</sup>(Quentin 2021)



# CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Since one drone can pollinate multiple farms per cycle, we will focus on **reaching as many hectares as possible with as few drones possible**. This implies that we will need to have an excellent service for our clients.

 DRONES	
DJI MATRICE 600 <sup>1</sup> (incl flying software)	€5 000
CAMERA <sup>2</sup>	€750
BUBBLE MACHINE 3D PRINT <sup>3</sup>	€150
<b>TOTAL COST</b>	<b>€5 900</b> Per drone
REPAIR & OTHER <sup>1/4</sup> (e.g. battery, propellor)	€700 Per client
<b>POLLEN GRAINS<sup>5</sup></b>	<b>€100</b> Per hectare



<sup>1</sup>(DJI 2021)  
<sup>2</sup>(SONY ELECTRONICS INC. 2021)  
<sup>3</sup>(EOS 2021)

<sup>4</sup>(Quentin 2021)  
<sup>5</sup>(PollenPro 2021)

# OPERATING & SERVICE COSTS



## HR & OTHER

- ✓ Given the seasonality in early stage, we will hire part-time to save cost
- ✓ Over time we can decrease our **operating cost margin** to around **45%** in 2028

	TEAM	€160 000						
	SCIENTIFIC ADVISOR	€20 000		1	2	4	6	8
	CTO	€45 000						
	AGRONOMIST	€29 000/€3 625 <sup>F</sup>						
	MECH. ENGINEER	€25 000/€3 125 <sup>F</sup>						
	HEAD OF SALES	€35 000						
	SALES (employee)	€16 000					2	2
	HQ & STORAGE <sup>1</sup>	€18 000/30 000						
	LOGISTICS (per advisor)	€1 000		1	3	4	6	8

	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
TOTAL	€ /	€145 000	€250 750	€307 750	€378 750	€518 000	€560 000

<sup>1</sup>(Statista, Inc. 2021)  
<sup>2</sup>(Europcar,2021)  
 Wages source: (Payscale, Inc. 2021)

# WE EXPECT TO BE PROFITABLE BY 2026

**2026**

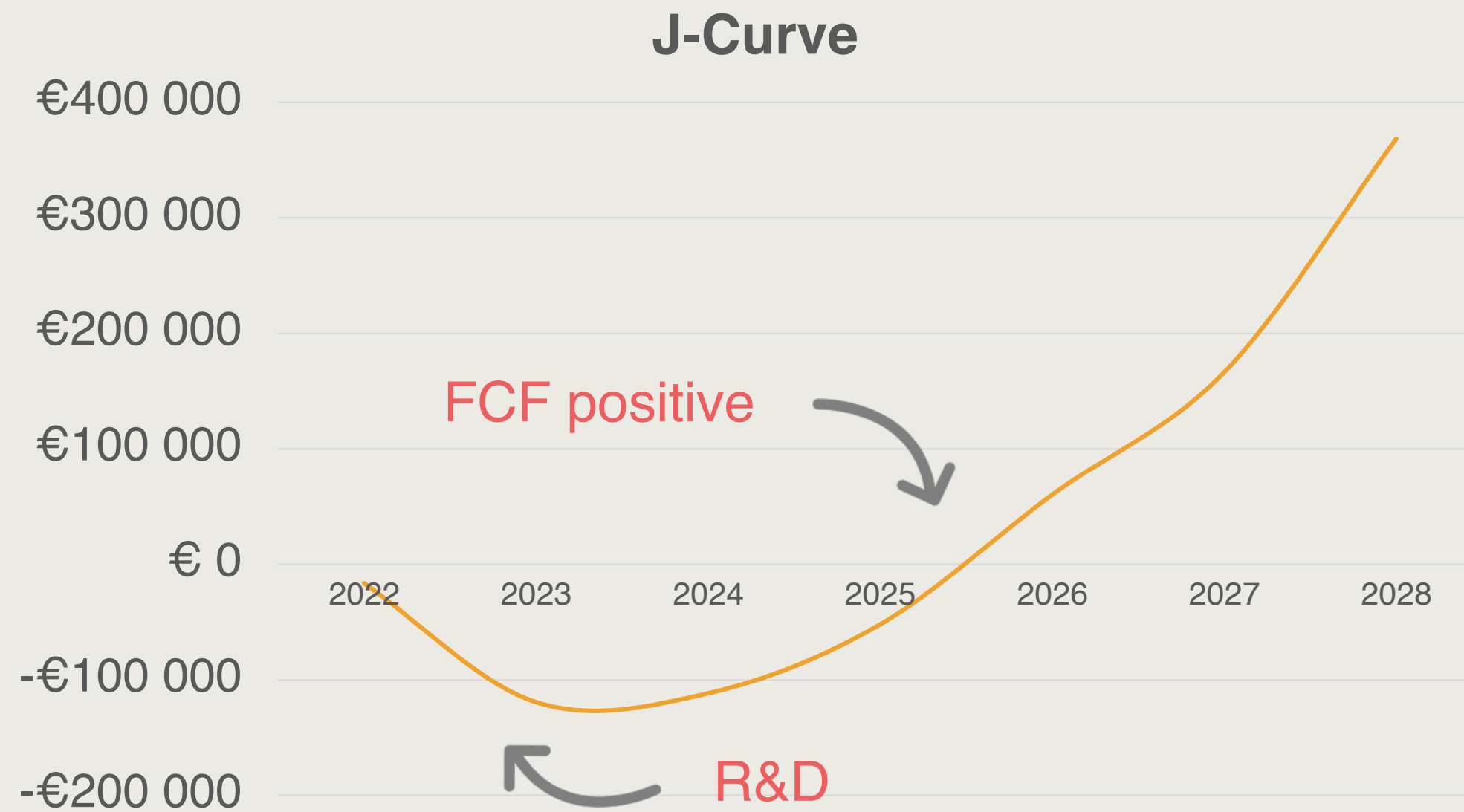
First year positive Free Cash Flow

**€300 000**

Cash burn until profitable

**€6 825**

Income per customer in 2028



**GRANTS**

**€200k**

**WE WILL FIRST NEED FUNDING**

**€300 000**

**EQUITY INVESTMENT**

**€100k**





VALUATION



# AGTECH DEALS & VALUATION

## DEAL COUNT

Evenly distributed across stages<sup>1</sup>

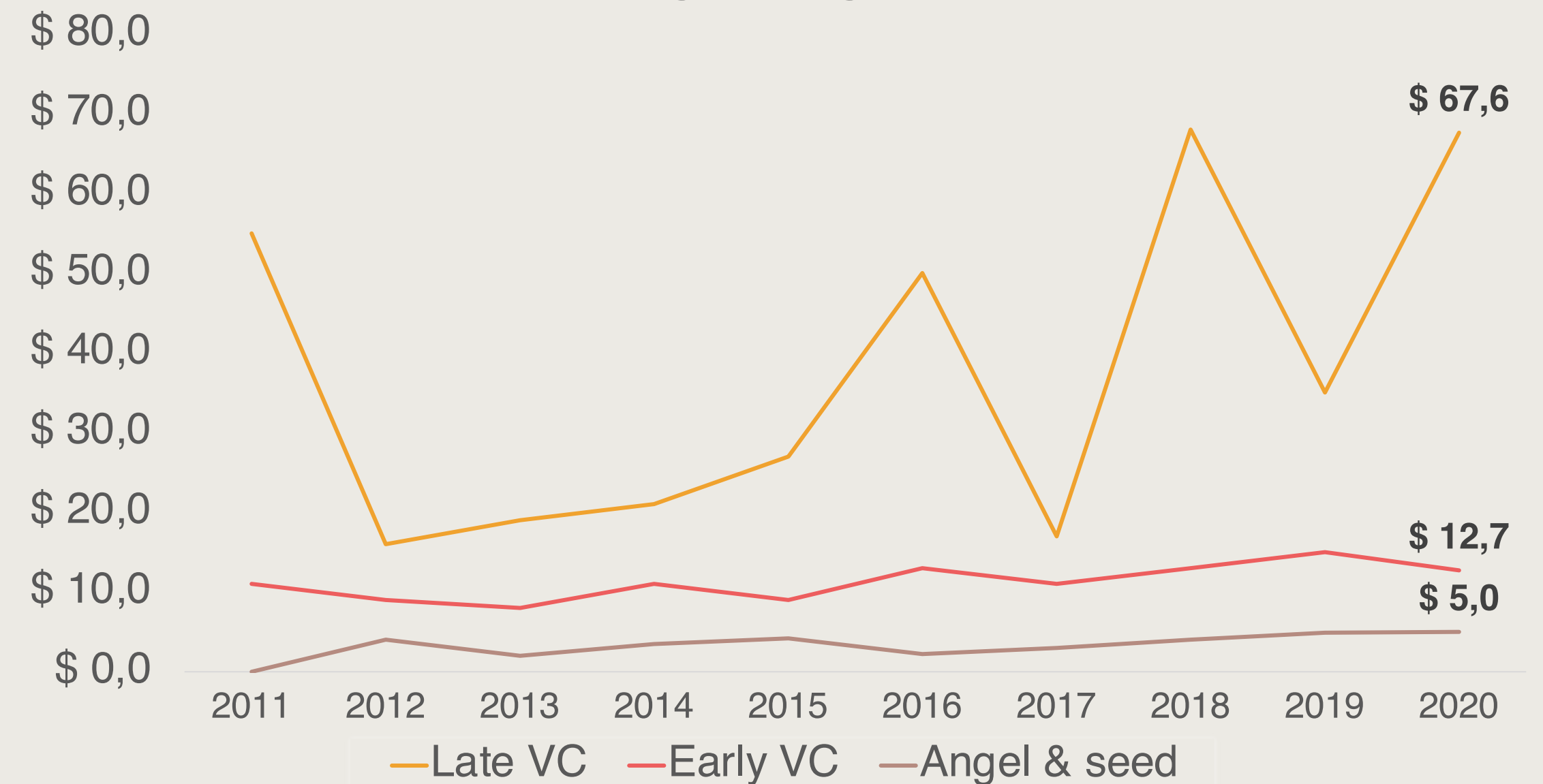
## INVESTMENT VALUE

76% went to late-stage companies due to larger growth capital needs to move through long Agtech maturity cycle<sup>1</sup>

## EXITS

2020 one of the busiest years on record as far as Agtech M&A and IPO activity<sup>2</sup>

Global median pre-money valuations (\$M) by stage in Agtech



Source: Pitchbook

€4,43M\*

AVERAGE ANGEL & SEED PRE-MONEY VALUATION

<sup>1</sup>(Finistere Ventures LLC 2020)


<sup>2</sup>(AgFunder 2021)

\*USD/EUR = 0,89 (16/12/21)

# PolliOne VALUATION



**€100k**  
Investment



**10%**  
Equity stake



**€900k**  
Pre-money



HOW DO WE GET TO THIS VALUATION?




 Strong team to enable expansion

 Large market and growth potential

 Early-stage and no proof-of-concept

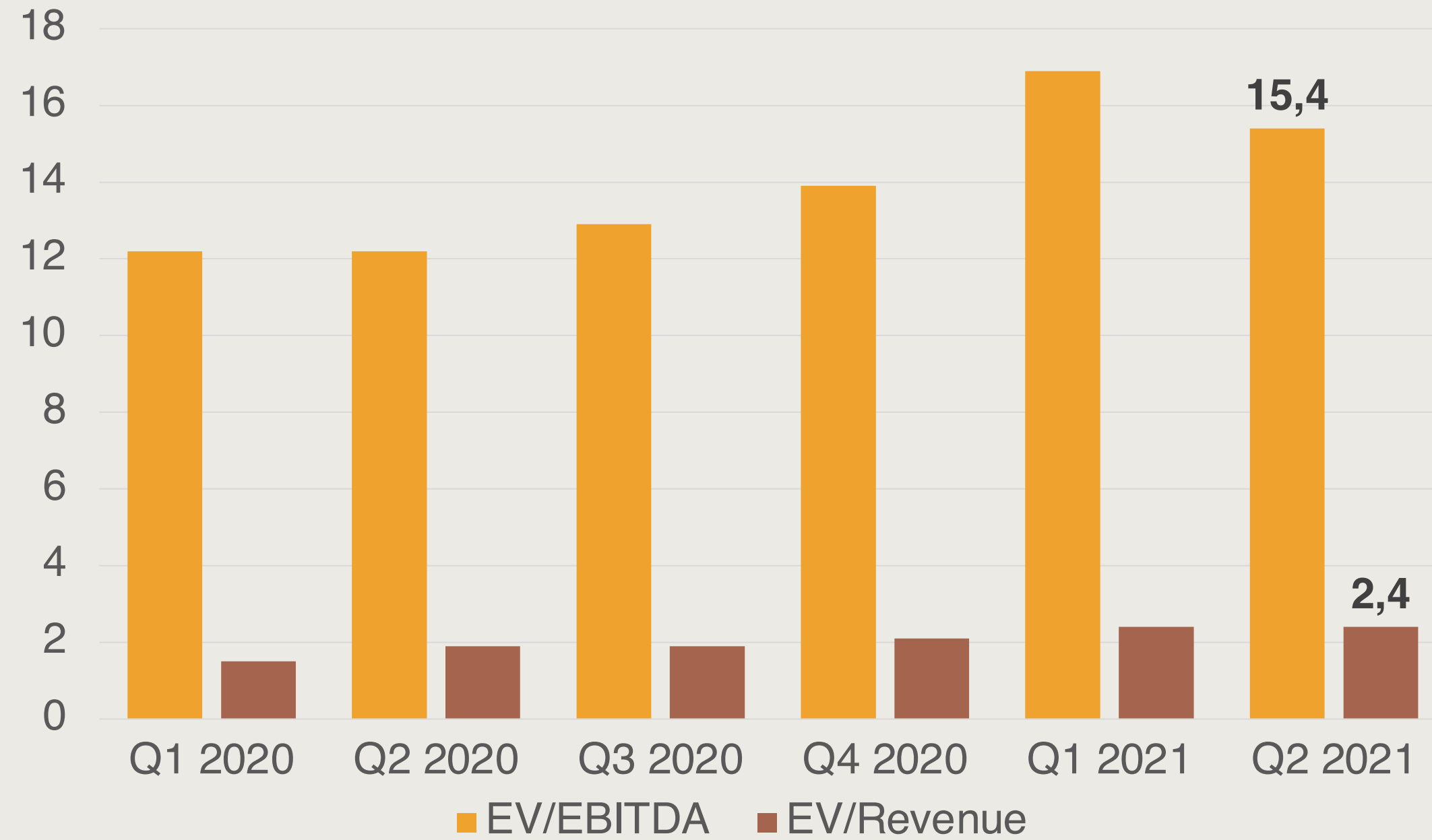
 Unique and premium offering

 Future relevance climate risk and food security

 Margin of failure only operation

# A MULTI-MILLION EURO OPPORTUNITY

Median multiple per quarter



## MARKET MULTIPLES

EV/REVENUE<sup>1</sup> 1,5x → 2,4x  
 EV/EBITDA<sup>1</sup> 12,2x → 15,5x

## PolliOne

- Valued as a Technology company
- Over time we will transition towards AI & Robotics
- ✓ Robotics & AI multiples around **5,9x** and **25,1x<sup>1</sup>**

EV/REVENUE

4,5x

EV/EBITDA

21,2x

PolliOne **POTENTIAL VALUATION IN 7 YEARS (2028)**

**€7,4M**

With an estimated revenue of around €1,2M and EBITDA around €440K in 2028



<sup>1</sup>(Finerva 2021)



FINANCING

# STRONG INCREASE IN AGTECH FUNDING

Agtech has truly caught the eye of investors, creating a strong fundraising environment

## DRIVERS

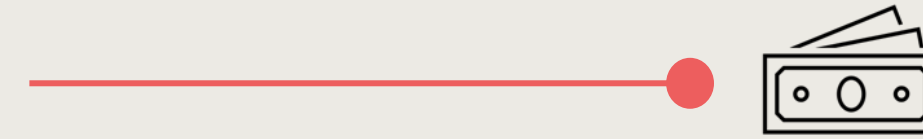
A LOT OF CAPITAL AVAILABLE



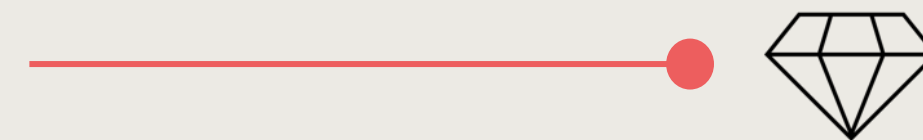
NEED FOR STABILITY AND

OPPORTUNITIES FOR IMPROVING

AGRIFOOD TECH VALUE CHAIN



LABOR SHORTAGES ON-FARM



INVESTORS ARE RECOGNISING  
THE NEED FOR FOOD SECURITY

**416**

Completed  
financing rounds  
in 2020

**50%**

CAGR aggregate  
value of  
investment over  
the last decade

**\$5 Bn**

Agtech  
investment in  
disclosed value  
in 2020

# FINANCIAL SUPPORT THROUGH GRANTS

## RATIONALE



Contribute to innovation



UN SDGs – Food security



Positive impact

## ENABLER

### GRANTS PROVIDER

Support Agtech project & startups

## BENEFIT



Early business validation



Dilution avoided



Credibility towards investors

## PROVIDERS



European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD)<sup>1</sup>

## BUDGET

**€95 billion**

## FOCUS



Grants and subsidies for agriculture projects (farmers, groups, organisations...)



Support Innovation Services support beyond stand-alone funding

**€200K\***

## TO OBTAIN FROM GRANTS

*Grant providers might not provide the full amount, in this case we will rely more on equity investment*

<sup>1</sup>(EIP-AGRI Service Point 2014)

# EQUITY INVESTORS



**INVESTOR  
PROFILE**

- ✓ Operational
- ✓ Agtech expertise & focus
- ✓ Strong network in Portugal, Spain and/or Italy

- ✓ Pro-actively approach investor
- ✓ Attend conferences
- ✓ Participate in incubators & accelerators

**APPROACH**



**INVESTOR**

**Focus**

**Advantage**

**Conditions**

**2 ANGEL  
INVESTORS**

  
Portuguese  
(with network in Spain)

  
Strong network  
in Italy

**Autonomy**

**Less formal**

**Easy and fast**

**Credibility**

*Mainly targeting angel investors  
given the early stage and little  
capital requirements*

**€100K\***

TO OBTAIN FROM ANGEL INVESTORS

# STRATEGIC GROWTH PARTNERS

**Guidance** on business, product and service development level targeting the agricultural sector



**Expertise** from seasoned professionals in the field providing valuable knowledge and insights to avoid mistakes in advance

Easier **access to funding** in the future, saving us valuable time, effort and costs



Incubators  
Partners  
Coordinators



Access to a large local and international **network** which will strengthen links between our business and companies in the Agtech sector

**Short run** – build out strong business and obtain a foothold in **Portugal** to prepare for expansion



**GROWTH**

**Long run** – rapid expansion across Spain and Italy with efficient operations

<sup>1</sup>(Inovisa 2019)

<sup>2</sup>(Governo da República Portuguesa 2019)



# REGULATIONS



# EUROPEAN UNION AVIATION SAFETY

There are no regulations in place regarding fully autonomous drones

**Three categories:** open, specific and certified<sup>1</sup>

## PolliOne = Open Category

- Intended for low-risk drone flights
- Flying a very light drone or are in the countryside<sup>2</sup>

The **Open Category** is split into:

**A1:** below 500 g

**A2:** below 2 kg

**A3:** below 25 kg<sup>3</sup>

## Rules for A3 category

### Using a drone for work:

1. [...] Stay at least 50 meters horizontally away from people and 150 meters horizontally away from parks, industrial and built-up areas<sup>6</sup>.
2. Read carefully the user manual<sup>7</sup>
3. Complete the training and pass the exam defined by your national competent authority or have a „Proof of completion for online training“ for A1/A3 ‚open‘ subcategory<sup>8</sup>

### Flying in the countryside:

4. If your drone has a camera (unless it is a toy) or weighs 250g or more then you need to register with the CAA. You need to renew this registration every year<sup>9</sup>
5. Anyone flying a drone 250g or more needs to pass a test and get a flyer ID from the CAA<sup>10</sup>

## Additional Note

From **1 January 2023** new drones will have to meet a set of standards

<sup>1, 2,</sup>(UK Civil Aviation Authority 2020)

<sup>3</sup>(European Union Aviation Safety Agency n.d.)

<sup>4, 5, 6</sup>(UK Civil Aviation Authority 2020)

<sup>7, 8</sup>(European Union Aviation Safety Agency n.d.)

<sup>9, 10</sup> (UK Civil Aviation Authority 2020)



R O A D M A P



# OUR COMPANY THROUGH THE TIME



**WHERE WE START**

**2021**

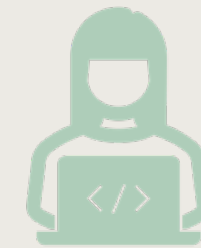
Founding PolliOne

**2022**



- Investments in equipment & technology
- Testing & discovery

**2023**



- Hire CTO
- Development phase

**2024**



- Hire Scientific Advisor
- Proof of Concept

**2025**



- Hire Head of Sales
- Part-time Agronomist & Mech. Engineer
- Expand to Italy & Spain

**2026**

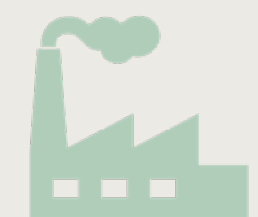


- Hire Scientific Advisor Nr.4
- First office opening
- Milestone: being profitable
- Expansion strategy

**2027**



- Hire Sales Employees
- Expand to Greenhouse customers
- Follow up on growth strategy



**EXIT**

**2028**

Full Operation

# EXIT OPPORTUNITIES

## DRIVE FOR ACQUISITION

Many investors looking to acquire smaller, innovative organizations<sup>2</sup>

## BENEFIT

This way, large agribusiness players can augment their current platform initiatives

POTENTIAL ACQUIRERS<sup>1</sup>



EXIT

2031

Company Buyout

## We aim at securing



Continuing service requirements



Costs



Data security and privacy



Personnel



Knowledge and documentation transfer

# WHAT ABOUT THE BEES?

Will we **replace** bees and **threaten** their natural environment?

**No!**

- 1 Drones don't harm bees**  
as bees stay close to the trees (below & medium height)<sup>1</sup>
- 2 We boost biodiversity**  
by farmers not having to use honeybees, leaving more room to native bees in the surrounding environments<sup>2</sup>
- 3 Honeybees from beehives destabilize natural ecosystems by competing with native bees<sup>3</sup>**



From 2026 onwards, an amount will be donated to:  
non-profit organization:

**BeeLife European  
Beekeeping Coordination**

To show our commitment to  
creating a positive impact and  
saving the bee



# B I B L I O G R A P H Y



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# A P P E N D I X



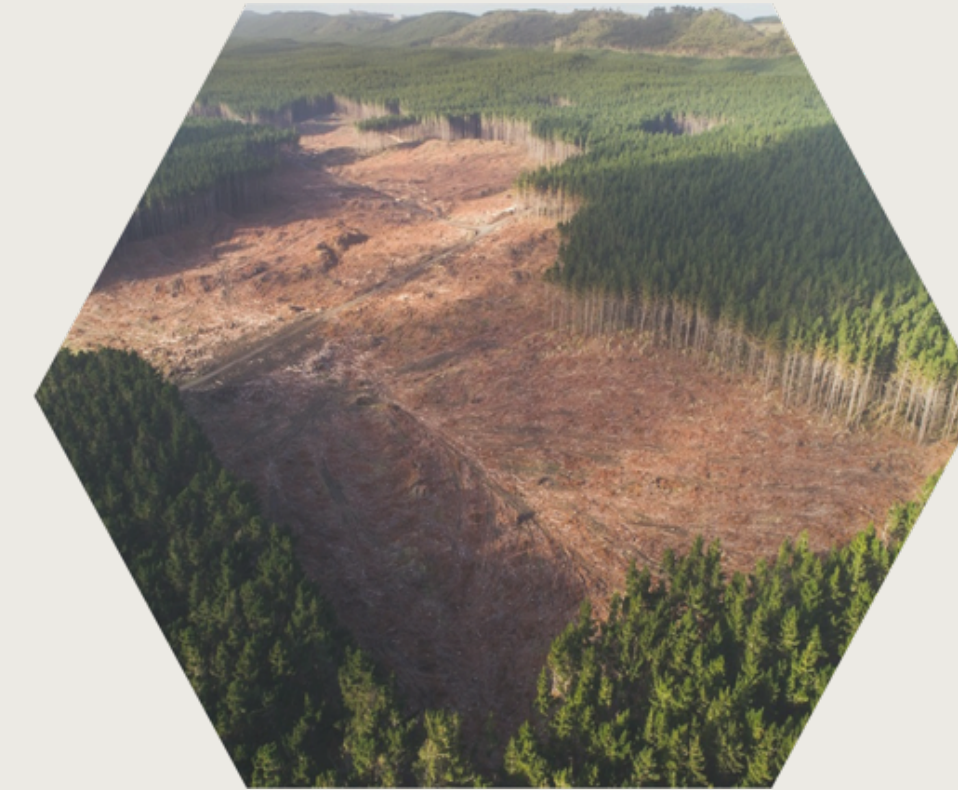
# WHAT IS KILLING THE BEE?



**PESTICIDES**



**DROUGHT**



**HABITAT DESTRUCTION**



**NUTRITION DEFICIT**


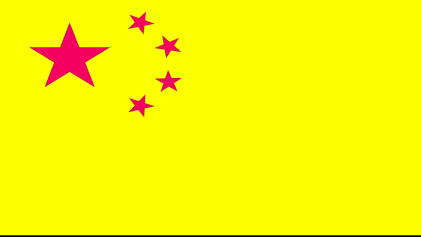



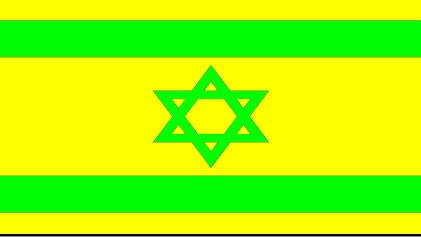

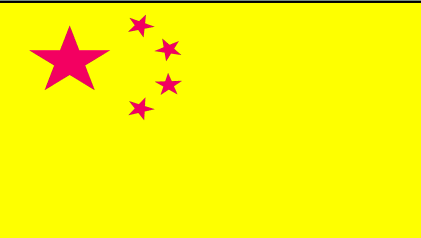

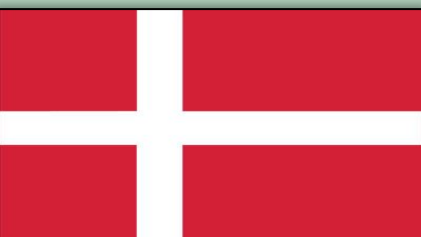


**AIR POLLUTION**










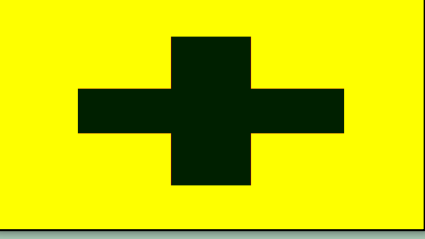


**CLIMATE CHANGE**

# BIGGEST PLAYERS ARE FOCUSING ON MULTIPLE BUSINESSES - I

Company	Overview	VC Raised	Only Ag Focused	Deal Type	HQ
 <p><b>XAIRCRAFT</b> 极飞科技</p>	Developer of Smart Agriculture Solutions including ag. drones and Unmanned Ground Vehicles	\$246.2 M	✓	Late-Stage	
 <p><b>CLEARPATH</b> ROBOTICS™</p>	Custom Robot Engineering Services	\$82 M	✗	Late-Stage	
 <p><b>PERCEPTO</b></p>	Harnessing robotics for autonomous inspection	\$64.2 M	✗	Late-Stage	
 <p><b>FJDynamics</b></p>	Robotics company focusing on automation, digitalization and green energy	\$60.9 M	✗	Early-Stage	
 <p><b>BLUE OCEAN ROBOTICS</b></p>	Develop, produce and sell professional service robots	\$57 M	✗	Late-Stage	

# BIGGEST PLAYERS ARE FOCUSING ON MULTIPLE BUSINESSES - II

Company	Overview	VC Raised	Only Ag Focused	Deal Type	HQ
	Designing and building soft robotic automation systems that can grasp and manipulate items of varying size, shape, and weight	\$54.3 M	×	Late-Stage	
	Develops computer vision software to enable robotic automation	\$43.6 M	×	Late-Stage	
	Develops robots enabling smarter production for growers by providing significant gains in productivity & efficiency	\$33.6 M	✓	Late-Stage	
	End-to-end solution for automating rock clearance	\$31.6 M	✓	Early-Stage	
	Provider of AI-based ultra-high precision farming solutions	\$28.4 M	✓	Late-Stage	

# CUSTOMER BASE ANALYSIS

To recapture:



## DEMOGRAPHIC

- 25-60, Male
- Income between 11.000 - 27.000 EUR p.a.<sup>1, 2</sup>



## TECHNOGRAPHIC

- Mobile
- Computer
- Tablet



## VALUE-BASED

- Not given as no Data available yet.



## GEOGRAPHIC

- Portugal
- Spain
- Italy



## NEEDS-BASED

- Crop yield is decreasing
- Costs are increasing



## INDUSTRY

- Agricultural



## PSYCHOGRAPHIC

- Values respectability
- Part of stable community
- Good relationship to family members
- Traditional
- Religious
- Nature lover
- Interest in innovations
- Wants to sustain his job



## BEHAVIORAL

- Valuable contributions to community
- Enjoying natural surroundings
- Being his own boss
- Providing future opportunities for his children
- Likes to catch a beer with other farmers in local pub



## BUSINESS SIZE

- Medium to large-sized farms
- 40-150 employees

<sup>1</sup>(European Commission 2019)

<sup>2</sup>(European Commission 2019)

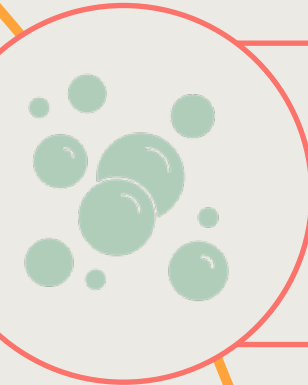
# COST OF HAND POLLINATION IN US \$

**Table 3.** Comparison of pollination service values (to the Western Cape deciduous fruit industry; US\$ millions for 2005) estimated using the replacement method with those derived from traditional methods using traditional or revised factors.

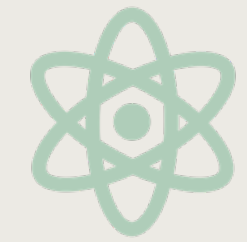
Valuation method	All insect pollinators	Managed pollinators	Wild pollinators	Ratio of wild to managed value
<i>Traditional</i>				
Total production value approach	501.0	378.3	122.7	0.32
Proportional (dependence) production value approach	358.5	312.2	46.3	0.15
<i>Revised service value estimates based on experimental evidence</i>				
Proportional (dependence) production value approach	338.3	119.8	218.5	1.82
Production value derived from pollination services	333.9	118.0	215.9	1.83
<i>Cost of pollination (hive rental)</i>				
Current direct cost	-	1.8	-	-
Estimated direct cost assuming managed honeybee substitution	4.3	1.8	2.6	1.44
<i>Pollination service replacement value (income lost)</i>				
Pollen-dusting	292.9	107.8	185.2	1.72
Hand pollination (method 1)	161.2	44.9	116.3	2.59
Hand pollination (method 2)	433.8	122.8	310.9	2.53
Hand pollination (method 3)	77.0	28.0	49.1	1.75

1.3 Graph - Retrieved from (Allsopp, de Lange and Veldtman 2008)

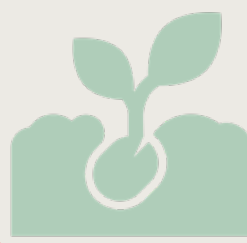
# THE SCIENCE BEHIND OUR SOLUTION



Soap Bubbles are mechanically stabilized and withstand compression<sup>1</sup>.



Pear pollen grains demonstrate strong activity<sup>2</sup>.



Growth of fibrous pollen tubes, indicating successful pollen fertilization<sup>3</sup>.



Maximum success rate of 90% for the flowers of *L. japonicum*<sup>4</sup>.

# MULTIPLE CALCULATION

2028	
Revenue	EBITDA
€1 209 600	€437 862,73

Multiples	Agtech	Robotics&AI	Weighted	Valuation
EV/EBITDA	15,4	25,1	21,22	€9 291 447,11
EV/Revenue	2,4	5,9	4,5	€5 443 200
				<b>€7 367 323,55</b>

# POLLINATION CYCLE & GROWTH

Ha per drone (pollination cycle)	
days. In month	30 days
pollination period (months)	1 months
Pollination duration	30 days
working days	28 days
impossible condition to fly	6 days
Optimal fly days	22 days
flying hours per day	7 hours
hours to pollinate 1 hectare once	2 hours
number of times to pollinate 1 flower	2 times
hours to fully pollinate 1 hectare	4 hours
hectares per day	1,75 ha
hectares per pollination cycle (per drone)	<b>39</b>

Year :	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
greenhouse	0	0	0	0	1	3	5
portugal	2	2	8	11	14	17	18
spain	0	0	0	2	6	11	17
italy	0	0	0	2	5	9	14
Farms (clients)	2	2	8	15	26	40	54
Number of new clients	2	0	8	7	11	14	14
Average orchard size (ha)	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
number of Ha	56	56	224	420	728	1120	1512
price per Ha	800,00 €	800,00 €	800,00 €	800,00 €	800,00 €	800,00 €	800,00 €
<b>Revenues</b>	€0	€44 800	€179 200	€336 000	€582 400	€896 000	€1 209 600
New drones	2	2	2	5	8	9	8
Number of drones	2	4	6	11	19	28	36