

## Exhibits

Exhibit 1: Refood's Motto



Exhibit 2: Refood's Business Model

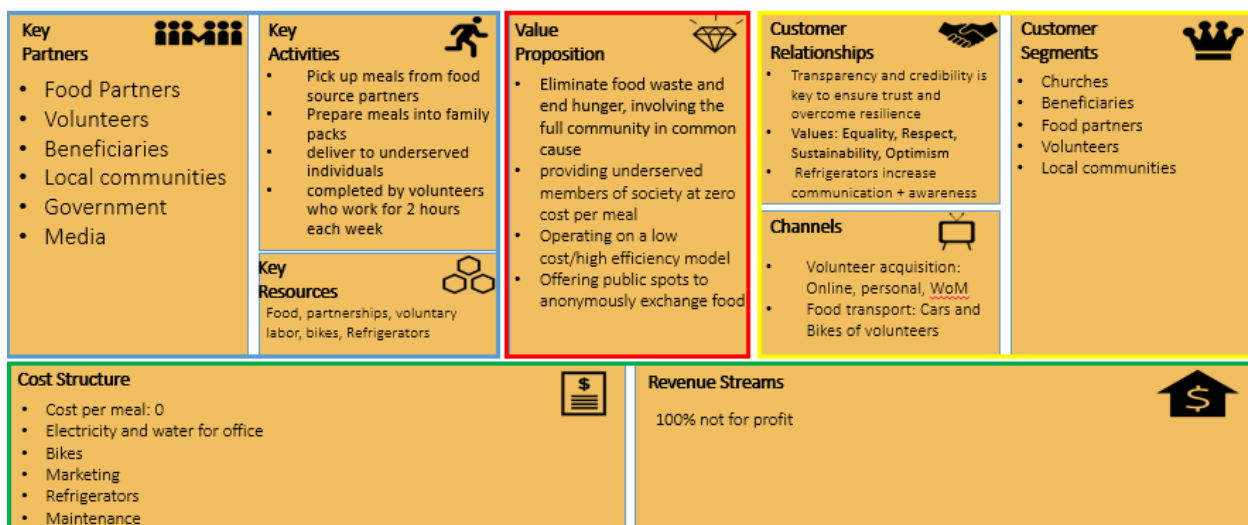
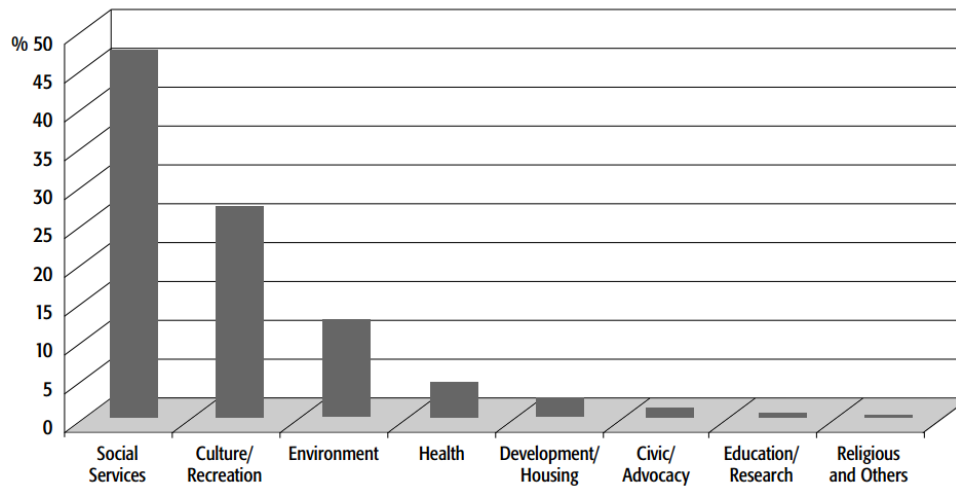


Exhibit 3: Refood's Organization

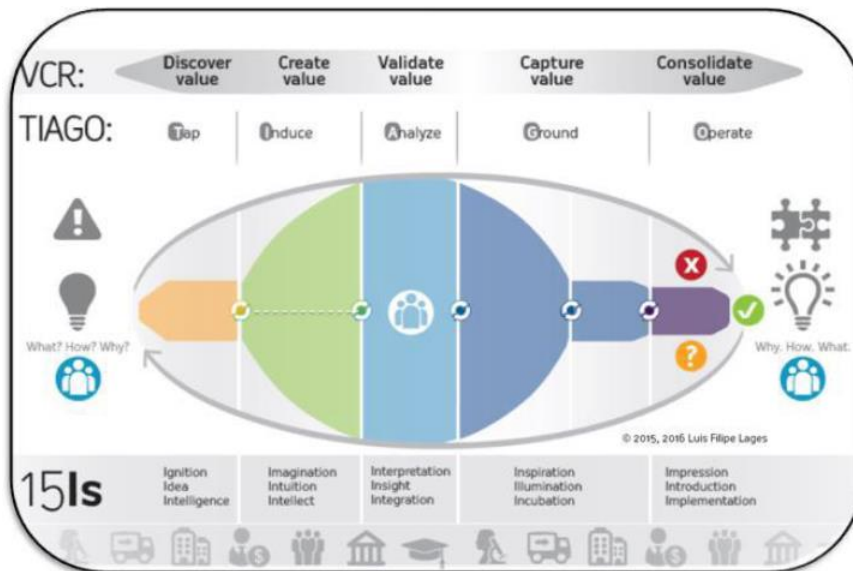


Exhibit 4: Distribution of volunteers by sector in Portugal in 2012



Source: Employment and Vocational Training Observatory: *Study on Volunteering*

Exhibit 5: Value Creation Wheel- TIAGO Framework



Source: **Lages, Luis F.** 2016. "VCW – Value Creation Wheel: Innovation, technology, business, and society", *Journal of Business Research*, DOI: 10.1016/j.jbusres.2016.04.042.

## Exhibit 6: Outside-Inside View- Market Pull

Who cares? <u>Who needs &amp; will pay</u> for it? (TARGET MARKET)	What do they care about? (MARKET PROBLEM, MARKET PAIN, MARKET NEED)	What can we offer? (PRODUCT/SERVICE ATTRIBUTES)	THE UNIQUE EXPERIENCE Name/Brand for market application (IDEA/MARKET FIT)	Feeling about initial potential (Low, Medium, High)
Local Refood operations	-Efficient operation; -Helping others; -Have people join their cause;	-Local storage facilities; <del>-Accounting;</del> -Reminders of paperwork dates	-Less problems with storage; -Better organization/efficiency	High
Beneficiaries	Getting food, free of charge, helping them in their monthly budget struggles	They get food	Fresh meals every day	High
Volunteers	-Want to make an impact; -Help the community	-Felling part of a community; -They can see the positive effects on people; -Self-fulfillment	-Being a part of a cause; -Helping change world hunger	High
Food Partners	-Positive PR; -Contribution to their CSR	-Social Media exposure; -Less cost to transport waste; -Less waste;	-Name recognition; -Correlation with social causes; -Increased CSR;	Medium

		-Green image of their business	-Less waste of their resources	
Government	-Having NGO's that support people that they cannot, contributing, this way, to a better society; -NGO status	-Community involvement; -Less hunger		Medium
Local communities	Less poverty and misery in their communities, contributing to better environment	-Less misery; -Community involvement		Low
Other NGO's	-Larger reach of beneficiaries; -Contribution to better communities and country	-More social causes to greater good		Low

## Exhibit 7: Inside-Outside View- Technology Push

What is the offer? (PRODUCT/ATTRIBUTE/SERVICE)	Who cares? Who needs & will pay for it? (TARGET MARKET)	What do they care about? Benefits: (ADDRESS MARKET PROBLEM, MARKET PAIN, MARKET NEED)	THE UNIQUE EXPERIENCE Name/Brand for market application (IDEA/MARKET FIT)	Feeling about initial potential (Low, Medium, High)
-Central storage facility; -Accounting; -Paperwork reminders	Local Refood operations	-Efficient operations; -Not lose the privilege of serving the community	-Less problems; -More organization	High
Fresh food with no costs	Beneficiaries	-They are in need; -Help their monthly income	-Fresh; -Well stored; -Quality	High
Place where they can make a difference and feel part of a community	Volunteers	-Making a change -Self-development and self-fulfillment	Be member of a social cause where you can actually see that they are making a difference	High
-Positive PR -Increased CSR	Food Partners	-Better image; -Less waste	-Convenience in waste disposal; -Less cost;	Medium
-Less misery and hunger -Better society	Government, local communities and other NGO's	More efficient use of resources, step forward for a better community		Low

## Exhibit 8: Ideas Created

1. Salary	29. Partner with Government entities
2. Variable compensation, upon objectives	30. Benchmarking of other NGO's
3. Reinforcing the social part	31. Recruiter beneficiaries
4. Spreading the project in the communities	32. Redesign the central structure
5. Money for food and transportation	33. Parents Association
6. Smaller intensive periods of work with rotation	34. Gyms
7. Develop website	35. Local meetings and events to recruit people
8. Discounts in partners' businesses;	36. Catholic Schools
9. Mobility of schedule	37. Partner with Speak
10. Partner with universities to spread the project there	38. Emission of certificates for students
11. Partner with universities (extra credit, optative course, etc)	39. More social media presence
12. Local churches	40. Radio shows
13. Local Markets	41. Regional newspapers
14. Loan workers from companies	42. Get a celebrity to sponsor the project
15. Associations, Foundations and Online Sites	43. Reinforce the professional benefits that volunteering brings
16. Get pre-retired workers from companies	44. Associate to retailers
17. Workshop for Unemployed People	45. Present the project in legal firms for people interested in working pro-Bono
18. Loan people from recruitment agencies	46. Ad on yellow pages
19. Nucleus leaders in rotation working in the central structure	47. Ad on job platforms
20. Simplify volunteer recruitment process	48. Partner with Student's Associations
21. Enlarge central structure volunteers' responsibilities	49. Fliers in public transportations
22. Use volunteers as an IEFP internship	50. Public/university canteens
23. Use one of the nucleus in the central structure one day in a month	51. Partner with other NGO's to trade resources
24. Increase visualization of the impact that the volunteer would have	52. Partner with call center companies
25. Partner with local schools and the professors	53. Partner with Ordem dos Advogados, Centro de Investigação de Direito Privado da FDL
26. Partner with Juntas de Freguesia	54. Be present in network events
27. Get more funding from partner companies to pay salaries	55. Internal Recruitment
28. Apply for International NGO funding programs to fund the HR power	

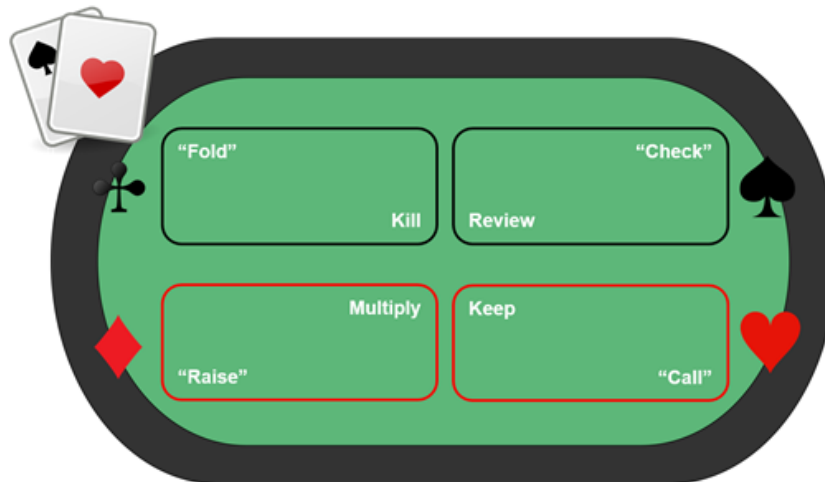
Source: Universidade Europeia, Universidade Nova- Faculdade de Direito, PHD student, online survey.

#### Exhibit 9: List of Filters

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1. Organization values  | 15. Volunteer's vision of the organization                           |
| 2. 100% volunteer based;  | 16. Volunteer's goals for their own future                           |
| 3. Time constraint of the volunteers;                                     | 17. No government partnerships                                       |
| 4. Motivation of volunteers   | 18. Lack of funding  |
| 5. Apply training system  | 19. Awareness of the project/cause                                   |
| 6. Competition for Volunteers (There are a lot of causes)                 | 20. Specialized skills /Volunteer's CV                               |
| 7. Articulation and coordination between the volunteers, when implemented | 21. Location (Lisbon)  |
| 8. Cost of the volunteers   | 22. Preferred social groups and age gaps                             |
| 9. Identification with the cause by the volunteers                        | 23. Difficulty reaching out to companies                             |
| 10. Past experience of the volunteer                                      | 24. Resources needed to increase awareness and spread the word       |
| 11. Organization's needs  | 25. Cost of campaigns/ads  |
| 12. If the volunteers are community oriented                              | 26. Develop team spirit between the volunteers                       |
| 13. Past community engagement   | 27. Availability for partners and volunteer sites to spread the word |
| 14. Living conditions of the volunteer                                    |  |

Source: Universidade Europeia, Universidade Nova de Lisboa- Faculdade de Direito, PHD student, two NGO managers

#### Exhibit 10: Poker Method



Source: **Lages, Luis F.** 2016. "VCW – Value Creation Wheel: Innovation, technology, business, and society", *Journal of Business Research*, DOI: 10.1016/j.jbusres.2016.04.042.

Exhibit 11: List of selected ideas, approved to apply the Value Creation Funnel

1. Partner with Universities for Students to Volunteer there (extra-credit, optative course, etc.)
2. Enlarge central structure's volunteers responsibilities
3. Redesign Central Structure
4. Get celebrities to endorse the project
5. Use unemployed people as volunteers (workshop, etc.)
6. Associations, Foundations & Online Platforms
7. Internal Recruitment
8. Local Events and Meetings

Exhibit 12: List of selected filters, approved to apply the Value Creation Funnel

1. Experience of the Volunteers
2. Organization Needs
3. Organization Values
4. Develop team spirit between the volunteers
5. 100% volunteer based

Exhibit 13: Value Creation Funnel (VCF)

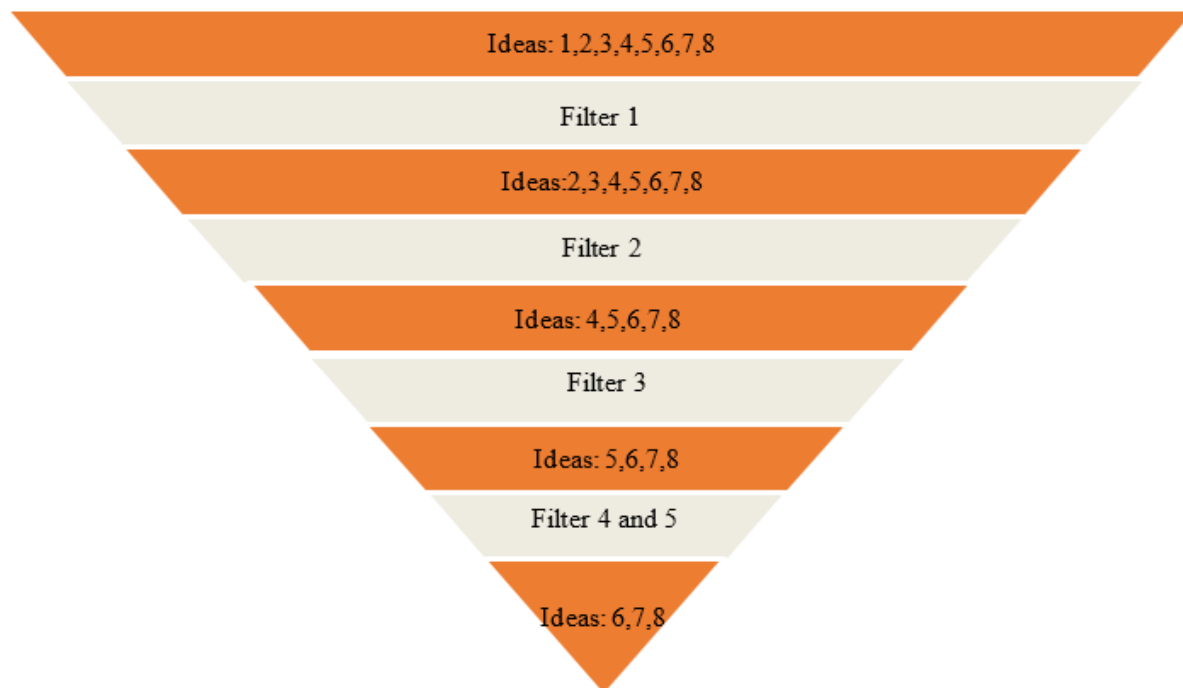


Exhibit 14: Business Model Canvas, with the solutions

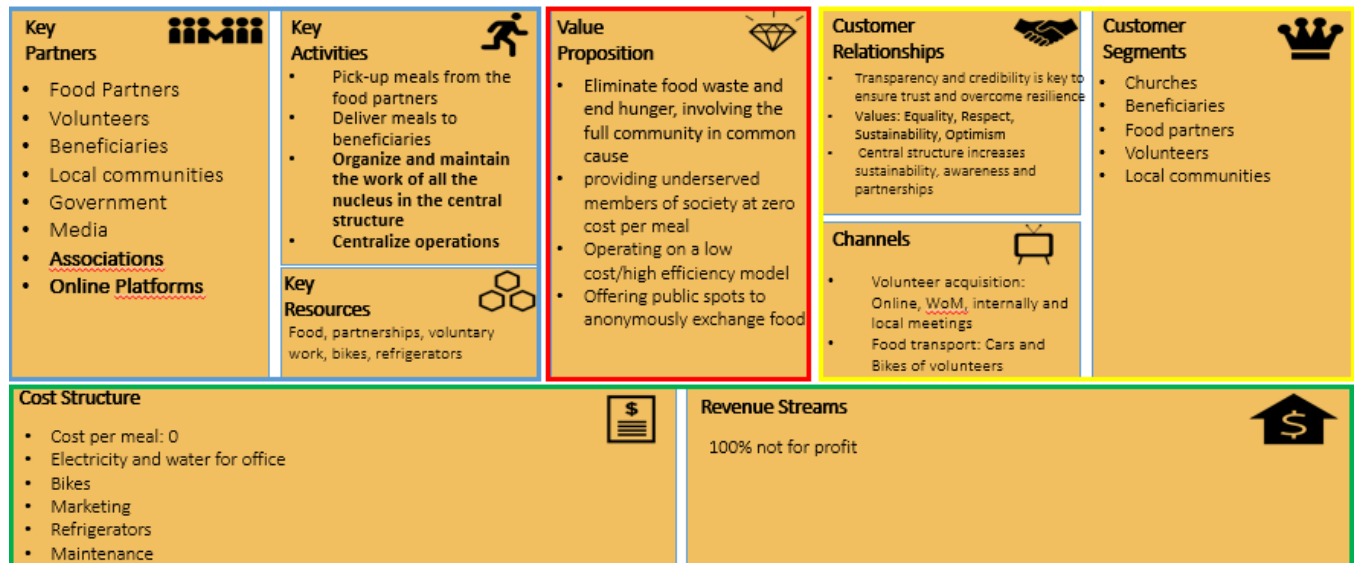


Exhibit 15: 3 M's- Men, Minute, Money

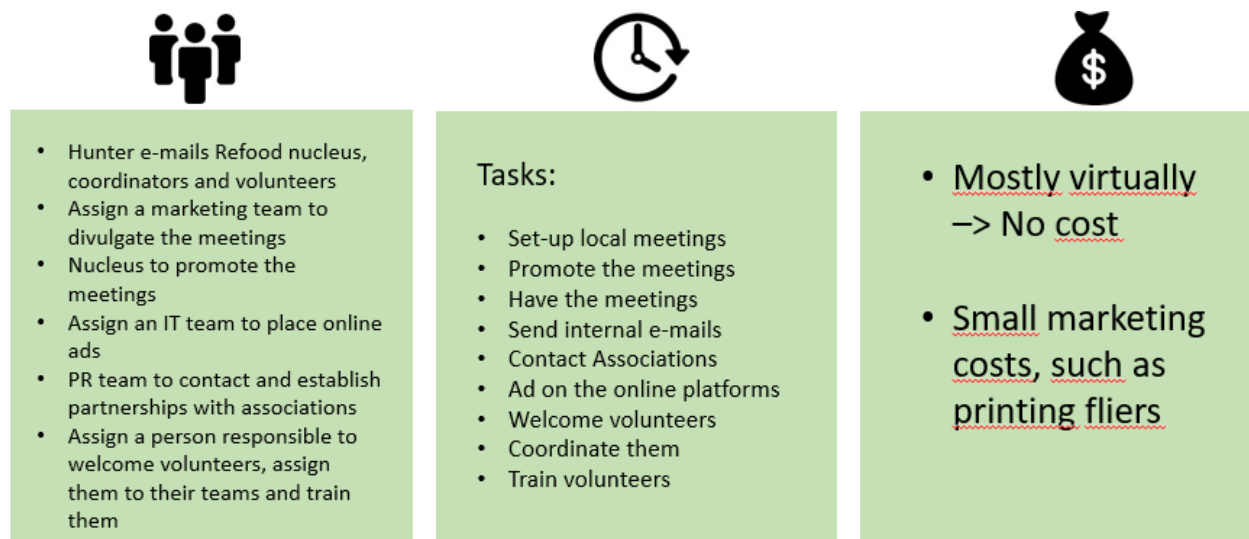


Exhibit 16: Timeline for the Plan of Action to the Implementation of the Ideas

Task/Month	December	January	February	March	April	May	June
Set-Up Local Meetings							
Promote The Meetings							
Meetings							
Send Internal E-mails							
Contact Associations							
Ad on The Platforms							
Welcome Volunteers							
Coordinate/Assign Teams							
Train Volunteers							



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